THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

| SUN | MON | TUE | WED | THU | FRI | SAT |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |
| 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | |

**Port Almanac—January 31.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Sun Rises | 7.03 A M |
| Sun Sets | 5.36 P M |
| Day's Length | 10 h 34 m |
| High Water at Southport | 8 26 A M |
| High Water at Wilmington | 10.09 A M |

**The Weather.**

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 31.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 41°; 8 p. m., 00°, maximum, 65°; minimum, 36°; mean 50°.

Rainfall for the day 0.; rainfall for the month up to date, 2.45.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina: Increasing cloudiness, probably followed by rain Friday night; easterly winds.

The weather will remain fair through Friday in New England, the lower Lake regions and the Middle States. Increasing cloudiness, probably followed by rain Friday night is indicated for the South Atlantic States. A continuance of unsettled conditions with rain may be expected in the lower Mississippi Valley and the west Gulf States; threatening weather with local snow for the upper Lake region and the Northwest. No decided temperature changes are probable in any districts.

## OUTLINES.

At Harrisburg, Pa., yesterday morning the large boiler in the works of the Hollidaysburg Iron and Nail Company exploded, killing five men and injuring twenty three, three of which will die. —— Awful catastrophe—a family of four persons burned to death. —— Desperate fight in Carroll county, Va., between Internal Revenue officers and, illicit distillers; one of the officers shot and another beaten unmercifully. —— Verdict of acquittal in the trial at Kinston, N. C., of alleged incendiaries. —— Two vessels launched—A U. S. gunboat and an auxiliary cruiser built at Newport News, Va. —— The Hawkins expedition under investigation by U S. authorities; Cubans frightened. —— John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, in a very serious condition after his fall from a railroad train. —— Washington news —Favorable report on bill extending privileges to distillers of fruit brandies; Minister Ransom's arrears of salary to be paid. —— Business failures—three assignments yesterday in Richmond, Va. —— An Ohio man in command of insurgent forces in Cuba. —— A question of color—Bishop Arnett, of the A. M. E. Church, refused admission to hotels in Boston. —— On a fool's errand —U. S Cruisers Raleigh and Montgomery combing the seas for filibusters. —— A brutal murder in the little town of Morgan, Calhoun county, Ga. —— Important suit involving the forfeit of lands to the State of West Virginia for non-payment of taxes. —— A remorseless campaign to be waged by the new Captain General of Cuba. —— Liberty Bell—Enthusiastic reception of the Revolutionary relic at Charlotte. —— Spain and Cuba—Difficulties that may arise if the belligrency of the insurgents is recognized by the United States Government. —— The war in Cuba—Movements of hostile forces; the Insurgent General Gomez endeavoring to effect a junction with Maceo's forces. —— Senate and House—Proceeding dull and commonplace in both bodies; the House Bond bill with free coinage substitute discussed; Urgency Deficiency Appropriation billl reported in the Senate; reports from Elections Committee in the House; call for report of Board of Engineers on the Nicaragua Canal; A number of bills passed. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 3@4 per cent.; last loan at 4 and closing offered at 4 per cent.; cotton dull; middling gulf 8¼c; middling 8¼c; Southern flour quiet and firm; common to extra fair $3.80@3.90; good to choice $3.00@3.30; wheat—spot fairly active and stronger; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 78¼@78¾c; afloat 79¼@79¾c; corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 36¼c; float 37¼c. spirits turpentine quiet and easy at 30¼@30¾c; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1.60@1.62½c.

Arizona is bragging about a natural bridge which spans a canyon five hundred feet wide, which bridge is a marvel of proportion and symmetry, and as level as a shell road on top.

Sarah Bernhardt, the actress, says she takes little interest in yesterday, but always looks to to-morrow with hope. Nursing hope shows that Sarah is level-headed if she is at times frisky.

Edward C. Andrews, of Stillwater, Minn., is the champion skate jumper. At the skating carnival in St. Paul a few days ago he made a running jump of seventeen feet eight inches, which breaks the record.

Old Stand of Office & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

Dec 30 tf

# THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVII.—NO. 831. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 31, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,969

Sir Richard Quain has risen to remark that if Dr. Snow who twenty-five years ago taught England how to cure and to prevent the spread of Cholera, and thus saved millions of lives, had been a soldier and spent his life in butchering his fellowmen, there might have been an imposing monument erected to him, instead of sleeping in an obscure grave and being consigned almost to oblivion. There is a good deal of truth in the remark, and it shows also what is the popular idea of glory not only in Britain, but in many other civilized countries.

A recent census of Kansas shows that the population of that State has decreased 97,000 since 1890. Droughts, cyclones, etc., did it. The people who could get away sought pa.ts where they don't keep these things so largely in stock. Some counties in that State have become almost depopulated, and many of the people have come South.

Judge Pryor, of the New York Supreme Court, has decided that a policeman has no right to choke a man under arrest, to have his picture taken to put in the Rogue's Gallery. If this thing goes on and their amusements are to be thus curtailed, the life of a New York policeman will become very monotonous.

Mr. George W. Catt, of Kansas, read before the woman's suffrage convention in Washington last week a paper written by Mrs. Catt. When Mrs. Catt has her say she always makes the fur fly, a fact of which Mr. Catt, whose front name in this instance is not Thomas, is doubtless fully aware.

Ex-Governor Northen, of Georgia, writes that he is in correspondence with parties who want to buy 200,000 acres of timbered lands in Georgia. Selling lands for settlement or colonization is all right, but the line ought to be drawn on selling timber lands to be held for speculation or to be stripped of the timber.

King Menelek, of Abyssinia, who has been walloping the Italians pretty badly lately says he has no hard feelings against them and that if they will pack up their duds and get out of his bailiwick he will forgive them and not carry the war into Italy.

The Wesley College girls are so much interested in the Armenians, that they have agreed to do without butter for a month and let the butter money be sent to the Armenians. Some of them go even so far as to express a willingness to sacrifice their chewing gum.

The chaplain of the House of Representatives is a daisy, and doesn't mind mixing his politics more or less with his invocations. In one of his recent prayers he asked the Lord to lend a helping hand to secure "additional protection to American manufacturers."

Gen. Alger, of Michigan, thinks when a man fondles Presidential aspirations he should have the honesty to own up and not be playing the part of dark horse. He says when tired, dark horses generally are not worth the halter tied to them.

The New York *Tribune* wants to make "the loan popular." It would take a good deal more necromancy than any of the gentlemen in the tall tower are masters of to make any Government loan popular these days.

Russia seems to be bearing the Turkey business.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

KIRMESS—To night.

MASONIC—Meeting Wil. Lodge.

## LOCAL DOTS.

**Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.**

— Secure your seats for the "Story of the Reformation."

— Timber rafts continue to arrive and meet with steady sale.

— The Southport *Leader*, an excellent newspaper, enters upon its seventh year enlarged to eight pages.

— The Kirmess to-night at St. James parish house promises to be a charming entertainment, by children in costume.

— The barque *Marion S. Harris*, libelled at Philadelphia, was sold by U. S. Marshal Myers to Ward W. Dusey for $4,500.

— Local forecast: Probably light showers; warmer; light easterly to southeasterly winds, increasing in force Friday night.

— At the revival meeting last night in Brooklyn Baptist Church there was again large attendance. Services to-night will begin at 7 30 o'clock.

— Mr. L. Tate Bowden, who was seriously injured Wednesday evening last, as told in the STAR, was in better condition yesterday and thought to be improving.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

## PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

**Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Tersely Printed.**

— Mr. F. T. Mills, of Whiteville, is in the city.

— Mr. B. E. Rainey, of Chicago, is a guest of The Purcell.

— Mr. Jno. D. Kerr, of Clinton, is in the city on business.

— Mr. Wm. E. Patterson, of Newbern, is in the city on business.

— Mr. Alva Smith, of Gibson, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. L. R. Mason, day janitor at the City Hall, is on the sick list.

— Mr. A. D. Lippitt, of Baltimore, is in the city visiting friends.

— Mr. A. O. Thigpen, of Bannerman, N. C., was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Thos. A. Reddin, of Baltimore, is in the city, registered at The Purcell.

— Mr. W. P. Smith, of Knoxville, Tenn., was in the city yesterday, stopping at The Purcell.

— Mr. E. D. Brown, of Baltimore, who has been in the city several days, left yesterday for a tour South.

— Mr. H. D. Gaines, of the Lucerne Knitting Mills, Pittsburg, Pa., was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Messrs. R. A. Brand, of Augusta, and J. W. Morris, of Charleston, soliciting agents for the Atlantic Coast Line, were visitors in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Chas. B. Aycock, of Goldsboro, United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of North Carolina, is in the city in attendance upon the Superior Court.

— Messrs. F. A. Daniels, Goldsboro; F. B. Gibson, McCall, S. C.; H. C. Hamlin, Winston; Jno. Bullock, Bullock; C. L. Stevens, Southport; J. Y. Joyner, Greensboro; H. S. Leard, C. J. Parker, Raleigh, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

## SUPERIOR COURT.

**Mistrial in the John C. Davis Case—Jury Unable to Agree—Other Cases Tried Yesterday.**

The jury in the case of Kate T. Morecock vs. Hester J. Craig, on trial in the Superior Court, could not agree. A juror was withdrawn and a mistrial ordered by the Court.

D. O'Connor vs. M. Madigan. Continued.

City of Wilmington vs. Mary V. Walker, et al. Continued.

City of Wilmington vs. Wm. Goodman. Continued.

City of Wilmington vs. W. H. Strauss, et al. Continued.

R. R. Bellamy vs. Isham Quick and wife. Continued.

J. M. Levy vs. Owen McKinney. Judgment stricken out.

J. M. Levy vs. J. D. Bellamy, Jr. Judgment stricken out.

The Guarantee Liability Indemnity Co. vs. Peregoy-Jenkins Co. Time allowed to file pleading.

Pym Remington and wife vs. G. L. Kirby. On trial when court adjourned.

This is an action brought by the plaintiffs to recover for damages done to their property by Dr. G. L. Kirby, superintendent of the State Inssne Asylum at Raleigh. The damage is alleged to have been done at Goldsboro, where the plaintiff rented a farm from the defendant Kirby.

The attorneys in the case are Messrs. DuBrutz Cutlar and John D. Bellamy, Jr., for the plaintiff and Messrs. C. B. Aycock, of Goldsboro, N. C., and Ricaud & Weill for the defence.

Sol. Weil & Co. vs. E. W. Kunold and wife. Continued.

The Court at 5 45 p. m. took a recess until this morning.

**Before Justice Bunting.**

Justice Bunting disposed of the following cases yesterday:

Frank Carter, charged with assault and battery, was let off upon payment of the costs of the action.

Jack Faircloth, charged with disorderly conduct, was also let off upon paying costs.

D. J. Bradshaw, charged with disorderly conduct, was fined $5 and costs. In default, he was committed to jail.

Louis Larkins, charged with carrying concealed deadly weapon, was adjudged not guilty.

**One Cent a Word.**

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

**Correction.**

In the report of the meeting of the Ladies Memorial Association, published yesterday in the STAR, the paragraph beginning "The meeting was called by the President, Mrs. Ida Stevenson," should read, The meeting was called by the President, Mrs. Jno. T. Rankin.

**Buy No Others.**

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

**Encyclopedia Britannica.**

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopedia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

## A COLLEGE PRESIDENT'S OPINION.

**The "Story of the Reformation" from an Educational Standpoint is Valuable.**

The admiration which the civilized world has accorded the character of Martin Luther for centuries will be reawakened by the unique dramatic entertainment to be given in the Opera House on Monday and Tuesday evenings of next week.

Prof. F. A. Muhlenburg, ex-president of Thiel College, Greenville, Pa., gives his opinion concerning this entertainment:

"By invitation of the Chrestomathean Society of Thiel College, Mrs. H. E. Monroe delivered a lecture on the 18th and 19th of May, 1893, in the Opera House in Greenville, on the subject of the Lutheran Reformation in Germany, illustrated by appropriate stereopticon views of some of the prominent scenes, places, events and actors in that great national regeneration. This enterprising and energetic lady was assisted in the presentation of these incidents and scenes by seventy of the students of the college, ladies and gentlemen of Greenville, connected with the Lutheran and other Christian churches of the place. Her lecture, with the display of the manners and customs, the great events and personages of the period, both Protestant and Roman Catholic, through this large body of assistants, was a most creditable and accurate objective representation of this grand era in the world's history, and made a most favorable impression upon the intelligent auditors who were present as spectators. All the parts of it, some very difficult to manage, were carried through with marked propriety and beauty, and the worthy lady deserves, as she should receive, praise and generous support for the skill and success of her efforts to instruct and please her fellow citizens. We most heartily wish for her the liberal patronage of the citizens of the places she proposes hereafter to visit, and assure them that they will not be disappointed. They will be abundantly repaid in solid instruction and useful entertainment."

This entertainment is highly endorsed by press and clergy. Columns of favorable criticisms have been passed upon it.

The following are some of the patronesses: Mrs. P. H. Hoge, Mrs. Robert Strange, Mrs. Boldt, Mrs. Carmichael, Mrs. Oliver, Mrs. Willis, Mrs. Cunningham, Mrs Clayton Giles, Mrs. Roger Moore, Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Mrs. W. G. Elliott, Mrs. G. W. Kidder, Mrs. H. C. McQueen, Mrs. Charles Covington, Mrs. David Worth, Mrs. C. Polvogt, Mrs. Clem. Brown, Mrs. James Sprunt, Mrs. L. A. Pritchard, Mrs. Otten.

The sale of reserved seats at Yates' will open this morning at 9 a. m.

## RACES TO-DAY

**On the Track of the Gentlemen's Driving Association Near the City.**

Lest there should be some misunderstanding about the races which are going to be held to-day by the Gentlemen's Driving Association on their track, it would be well to state that this organization is composed of citizens of Wilmington who own good horses, and who have spent considerable money in putting their racetrack in good condition for the pleasure of speeding their horses. For the races now arranged there will be no prizes offered or betting allowed; and as the members of the Association are also interested in organizing a Fair, it is hoped that a large number will attend. The programme is as follows:

First Race—Capt. Hansen's sorrel gelding, Red Duck; Jas. A. Arringdale's bay gelding, Louis R.; ——— black gelding, G. A. B.

Second Race—W. M. Howey's black gelding, Black Diamond; S. P. Cowan's bay gelding, Limber Jim; C. B. Southerland's brown gelding, Dan.

Third Race—David Murphy's sorrel mare, Maud; Southerland & Cowan's sorrel mare, Bell.

Fourth Race—Dr. L. B. Sasser's black gelding, Foxey Clay; Louis Skinner's yellow gelding, no name; R. Dauvrey's bay mare, Ladie K.

The Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway will have extra coaches attached to their regular train, leaving Wilmington at 2 p. m., arriving at the race track, which is a short distance from the railroad, at 2:35 p. m. Returning, a train will leave the race track at 5:30 p. m., arriving in Wilmington at 5:55 p. m. Fare for the round trip will be fifty cents, twenty-five cents of which will be given to the Gentlemen's Driving Association as gate money.

## BY RIVER AND RAIL.

**Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.**

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—100 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 60 bbls rosin.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—258 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—88 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 170 bbls rosin, 45 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—6 bales cotton, 26 casks spirits turpentine, 2 bbls tar.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—1 bale cotton, 93 bbls rosin, 84 bbls tar.

Schooner Samuel—2 bales cotton, 21 casks spirits turpentine, 94 bbls rosin, 84 bbls tar.

Black's flat—235 bbls rosin.

Rafts—127 bbls rosin, 99 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 395 bales; spirits turpentine, 95 casks; rosin, 984 bbls; tar, 251 bbls.

**Real Estate at Auction.**

Messrs. Cronly & Morris, at their sales room on Princess street, sold yesterday by auction several pieces of real estate.

The lot and three-story brick building thereon, west of and adjoining the National Bank of Wilmington; size of lot 42x66 feet. Mr. M. O'Brien was the purchaser, at $5,350.

The houses and lot, northwest corner Fifth and Princess streets, known as the Keen property, was knocked off to Mr. John H. Hanby, at $3,500. Size of this lot 66x79 feet.

A lot on Nutt street, opposite the Champion Compress, was also sold. Mr. O'Brien buying it for $1,500.

## CAPITAL CITY GOSSIP.

**RENEWED TALK OF FUSION BETWEEN DEMOCRATS AND POPULISTS.**

**The Woods Letter—Pneumonia Prevailing in Wake County—Athletic Sports—Talk of a State Baseball League—State Agricultural Department Advises Farmers to Reduce Acreage of Cotton.**

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., January 30.

If all the men who had been accused of writing the Woods letter were put together, it would be a conglomeration of "statesmen" with many diversified ideas. Devereux and others have stated since the appearance of the Woods letter that Spier Whitaker is the reputed author. Nobody knows, for there is no evidence that he is. Mr. Whitaker says when anything of the kind cannot be laid at the door of any one else, it is generally accredited to him.

A student was expelled from Wake Forest College yesterday.

Dr. Hines, the superintendent of health for the county, says there is more pneumonia in the county than he has known in twenty-three years.

A movement is on foot among prominent citizens to equip an athletic field for all kinds of games and sports. They propose to invest several thousand dollars, most of which is to be spent on a baseball diamond.

News comes from Durham that four clubs have been secured for the formation of a State baseball league.

There is renewed talk of fusion between Democrats and Populists. The same cry was heard in the days of the Silver convention. It originates from the same persons who whooped the Silver convention last August, with the expectation of effecting a union of forces between Democrats and Populists. Mr. Jule Carr was in the city yesterday, and he was approached by a man who is advocating the idea.

The January number of the *Bulletin* issued by the Agricultural Department, is out. Farmers are advised to reduce acreage of crops.

The attention of farmers and truckers is called to the list of brands of fertilizers registered in the Department up to and including January 31st, etc. A complete list is published in the *Bulletin*.

The receipts from the two performances of "The Story of the Reformation" foot up $500. The expenses have not been deducted.

Editor Ramsey, of the *Progressive Farmer*, differs with Editor Ayer, of the *Caucasian* about the authorship of the Woods letter. Editor Aver said that some one other than Woods, who wanted to be Governor, was the guiding spirit in framing it. Editor Ramsey says Woods is a man of ability and capable of writing the letter. He also states that he has no reason whatever to doubt that he was the author of it.

James H. Young, who has gone to Wales, Mass., to attend the funeral of the late Elijah Shaw, stated that he would stop over in Washington before returning, to see the "boys." Jim is a big Pritchard man.

Judge Ewart created something of a stir in Asheville Court by disqualifying as jurymen all those persons who had suits pending in court.

**Commander Winslow and Gov. Carr.**

Commander Winslow, of the N. C. Naval Battalion, who will test in the courts the right of the Governor to revoke his commission, says the controversy is in no way connected with "accounts," as intimated in press telegrams from Raleigh. "I reported," he says, "the Adjutant General for permitting the Naval Battalion to be deprived of equipment and arms furnished for its use; and also for attempting to secure two howitzers and their equipment from the Navy Department at the expense but not for the use of the Naval Battalion. The Governor thereupon requested my resignation, which I declined to tender, and I requested an investigation. This was denied and the revocation of my commission ordered. I have consulted eminent counsel and am advised that the Governor has no power to thus vacate my commission, and that his order is illegal. I propose to test the question in the courts, not only to establish the legal point at issue, but also for the purpose of vindicating my character and reputation."

## LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice January 31, 1896:

WOMEN'S LIST.

A—Mrs Sarah Ash. B—Mrs Carrie Blaine. C—Miss Hannah Clark, Mrs J. W. Crane (3). M—Mrs Robert Martin. R—Mrs J C Revell, Mrs Sarah Reddy. T—Miss Mary A Thompson. W—Miss Flora Williams.

MEN'S LIST.

A—Brisband Ancrum, F P Alexander, J W Autry. B—Alex Brown, Andrew Boggan, Ann E Brown, Charles Brown. C—Gendeberny Clark, G—L M Gorman, A Gans, Sons & Co. H—Monroe Hairston. P—C P Paddison, Wm Pickens. R—G A Rivenbark, J B Reynold, M W Robertson, P H Royales. W—B H Williams, E B Ward.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE.

E L Applewhite.

FOREIGN AND SHIP LETTERS.

Martin Sarne, J O Henan, C J Pellon, James C Fraser, Charles Greener, Mr F Rawlins, Mr M Beran, Matthew Phillips, Frank Johnson, James Rossetter.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

## COTTON AND WHEAT.

**Futures Opened at an Advance, But Closed Weak and Lower.**

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The cotton market opened at three to four points advance on light transactions and showed strength early in the day on small receipts, but later turned easy on weakness of the late months at Liverpool which led local bears to hammer prices. The most discouraging feature noticeable is that the trading has been local and of a bearish character.

The wheat market is strong at an advance of 1¼c over the lowest price of the morning, and continued strong with an upward tendency at the end of the day.

CROLIUS & CO.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

**APPOINTMENTS**

Wilmington District—W. S. Rose, P. E.

Brunswick circuit, Bethel—February 1, 2.

Columbus circuit, Evergreen—February 8th.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Wheatland—February 9th and 10th.

Waccamaw circuit, Shiloh—February 10th.

Elizabeth circuit, Singleton—February 15th and 16th.

Carver's Creek, Wayman—February 22nd and 23rd.

Kenansville circuit and Onslow Mission, Worley Chapel—February 29th and March 1st.

Bladen circuit, Bethlehem—March 7th and 8th.

Magnolia circuit, Centenary—March 14th and 15th.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M.**

EMERGENT COMMUNICATION THIS (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock, for work in E. A. degree.

Visiting brethren cordially invited.

By order of W. M.

jan 31 1t THOS. F. BAGLEY, Secretary.

**Kirmess.**

TO BE HELD AT ST. JAMES' PARISH House by the Ladies of St. Paul's Episcopal Church to-night, Friday, January 31st. Admission—Adults 15c; Children 10c.

After the merry making refreshments will be served Salad, Cream and Cake. jan 31 1t

**Wanted,**

A SITUATION AS DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKkeeper. Several years experience and can furnish all the reference required. Address "X,"

jan 31 1t Care of STAR Office.

**Cash Paid**

—FOR—

**Beeswax.**

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

28 Cents Per Pound

Free on board cars or steamer at Wilmington in good sound packages. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,

Boston, Mass.

nov 16 3m Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf

**EARLY OHIO,**

Early Rose and Peerless

**Seed Potatoes.**

Remember the best seed give the best results.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

an 19 DaW tf

**THE CHICAGO.**

**Just Try It, Which Is All We Ask**

We do not claim to sell our goods so much less than others, but we do say that we can and will sell as low as any House that pays full value for their goods.

**W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,**

**Purcell Building,**

dec 24 tf Wilmington, N. C.

**CASH TALKS.**

THE

**Alderman Hardware Co.**

are now making Low Cash Prices to their country friends on

**Plows, Plow Castings,**

HAMES, HAME STRINGS,

**Backbands, Singletrees, Trace Chains,**

Shovels, Spades, Hoes, both handled and unhandled; Rakes, Plowlines, Bridles, Collars, Collar Pads.

A full line of Granite Iron Ware, House Furnishing Goods,

Crockery, Pistols, Cutlery,

**Iron King Cook Stoves**

AND LIBERTY RANGES.

A few Nice Oil Heaters to be had at Cost for Cash.

**Alderman Hardware Co.,**

29 South Front Street,

jan 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

**DO YOU WANT EMBROIDERIES?**

**JOHNSON & FORE**

Can Furnish You.

The largest, handsomest and cheapest stock ever exhibited in this city, have just been opened at

**No. 111 Market St.**

**NEW WHITE GOODS.**

—AL—

**CAPES**

—AND—

**Jackets**

now on hand will be sold regardless of COST.

**DRESS GOODS**

continue to sell at reduced prices.

Telephone call 193. jan 26 1t

**Clothing!**

**ALMOST GIVEN AWAY.**

We intend making a change in our Clothing Department, and in order to do this we will have to make a Clean Sweep.

These Prices are for a short time only:

Men's Wool $6.00 Black Cheviot Suits, $3.50
Brown and Gray $7.00 Suits, $4.50.
Men's Double-breasted All Wool Suit, regular price $7.50, now $5.00.
All Wool $18.50 Suits.
Round Cuts, Square Cuts and Cutaways, 15 different styles, only $7.00.
$15.00 and $18.00 Suits only $9.75.
Big Bargains in Boys' and Children's Suits.

**Pants! Pants! Pants!**

$1.00 Pants "good value," 60c.
$1.75 to $4.00 Pants, your choice $1.35.
All of our $5.00 and $6.00 Pants, $3.50.
One lot of Boys' Overcoats, sizes 15 to 18 years, worth $5.00 to $9.00, now $3.95.
Few Men's $12.50 Overcoats, $8.35.

Remember these prices are for a short time only. Do not wait too long, or you will not find the size you want. Take the street car to

**J. H. REHDER & CO.,**

'Phone 118. Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases over $2.00.

jan 19 tf

**STORY OF THE REFORMATION**

Or Life of Luther.

**OPERA HOUSE,**

**Monday and Tuesday Evenings, February 3d and 4th, 8 P. M.**

Auspices Ministering Circle of King's Daughters, for the benefit of the Shelter of the Silver Cross.

Elucidated by MRS. H. E. MONROE, the Renowned Philadelphia Lecturer, with the aid of 85 Superb Stereopticon Views and 150 persons from the various churches in 16th Century Costume.

Two Allegorical Processions—Luther's Famous Triad at Worms—Friuth Monk and Choir Boys—Nuns Leaving a Convent.

Admission, 50c. No extra charge for reserved seats. The chart for selection of reserved seats at Yates' Book store will be open on and after Friday, January 31st, 9 a. m.

Novel entertainment.—"Baltimore American," January 21, '96. jan 28 1w

**The Chief Object**

of this Bank is to Encourage Savings.

We want every money earner in Wilmington to have a Savings Bank Account and deposit something at a regular time. Your money will be in a safe place working for you day and night. You can get it any day if you need it or if a safe and more profitable investment should be offered.

**Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.**

jan 26 tf

**Cheese, Cheese.**

40 Cream Cheese.
50 Boxes Good Luck Powders.
100 Bags Shot.
50 Barrels E. R. Potatoes.
10 Barrels Truckers' Potatoes.
500 Gross Matches.
100 Boxes Starch.
100 Boxes Star Lye,
100 Boxes M Lye.
Write for latest price list.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 205 North Water street,

jan 26 tf DAW Wilmington, N. C.

**THE SILK SALE**

swings into a new week with almost no end of interesting lots. Think of 200 kinds of Silk in a special sale and hardly two pieces alike! Think of quarter prices on some of them! Is it any wonder that they have made such a stir?

**Four Special Lots.**

No. 1, 1,000 yards of Silk at 25c.
No. 2, 1,000 yards of Silk at 50c.
No. 3, 1,000 yards of Silk at 75c.
No. 4, 1,000 yards of Silk at 98c.

Women's WRAPS at less than half. Thank the so-far side-tracked Winter for it. We've taken the stock of Jackets of the best maker. Finest goods up to date.

CARPETS AND RUGS—Prices cut to zero. They must go.

Don't miss our GREAT CLEARING SALE.

**Katz & Polvogt,**

No. 6 NORTH FRONT ST.

N. B.—Two hundred Corsets worth $2 to $3, including C. P., S. C. and other standard brands this week only 95c. jan 12 tf

**Tar, Honey and Rum**

—COMPOUND—

A purely old fashion Home-Made

**Cough and Cold Remedy.**

No Opiates of any kind. Pure, harmless, effective. Can be given with perfect safety to the youngest and the oldest. Pronounced by the pulpit, the press, and the public to be the greatest Cough Syrup on earth. Made under the personal supervision of

JAMES D. NUTT, Pharmacist,

jan 19 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

**THE MORNING STAR,**

**THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.**

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**KATZ & POLVOGT,**

**No. 9 North Front St.,**

Our Great January Sale

gets headway as the days go by. Such selling of Silks and Dress Goods, of Muslin Underwear and White Goods and Embroideries as we've been doing for a week past makes the store look as if holiday times were here again. This week some new stocks drop into the rush.

**Dress Goods.**

Two yards for the price of one; sometimes better than that. Those importers' stocks have upset all previous price ideas. We have gone through all the Dress Goods shelves and brought practically everything to the new price level. In some instances there's but a Dress Pattern of a kind; in others the assortment is unbroken. The reductions are like this:

$2.00 goods at 98c.
$4.00 goods at $2.75.
$3.00 goods at $1.50.
$2.00 goods at $1.00.
$1.50 goods at 75c.
38c Suitings 19c.
45c fancy Jacquards, Cheviots and Check Novelties 25c, 54-inch.
60c all-wool Diagonals, Homespuns and Cheviots, very neat and stylish, 44c yard.
50c English Wool Novelty, Spring effects, 30c.
75c Wool Suiting, stylish striped effects, 50c.
$2.00 Soleil, correct colorings, lustrous finish, $1.25.
$1.25 Mohair and Wool Suiting, Jacquard figures, 85c.
$1.25 44-inch English Tweed Novelty, stylish and serviceable, 50c.
$1.50 French Boucle, quiet plaid effects, 98c.

BLACK GOODS.

Crepon Cheviots 68c and 75c yard; good value at $1 and $1.25.
English Clay Diagonals, 48c.
Bright lustred Mohair, 50c yard.
Wide wale Cheviots, 85c instead of $1.25.
Jacquard Fancies, small, neat effects, 49c.
50-inch Storm Serges, 65c; formerly 90c.
Mourning Veils at special prices.

**Katz & Polvogt,**

No. 9 North Front St.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

# The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 31, 1896

## SOME INTERESTING FIGURES.

There has been more or less speculation as to the population of the United States at the present time, the general disposition being to put it too high, acting on the assumption that the increase for this decade has kept pace with the increase in the past. But it will probably be found, when the next census is taken, that it has not. Some of the States take a census every five years. Among them are Iowa, Kansas, and Minnesota, in the West, and Massachusetts, New Jersey, and Rhode Island, in the East. Here are three agricultural and three manufacturing States, and may, for all practical purposes, be considered fairly representative of the Western and Eastern States. They have recently completed what they call their decennial censuses, and are, perhaps, disappointed in the result. The figures, as compared with 1880 and 1890, are as follows:

| | 1895. | 1890. | 1880. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Iowa, | 2,257,250 | 1,911,096 | 1,624,615 |
| Kansas, | 1,894,744 | 1,427,096 | 996,095 |
| Massachusetts, | 2,49 841 | 2,238,943 | 1,783,085 |
| Minnesota, | 1,978,350 | 1,301 826 | 781,733 |
| New Jersey, | 1,8 2 9 2 | 1,444,933 | 1,131,116 |
| Rhode Island, | 334 7 8 | 345,506 | 276,531 |
| Total, | 9,433,379 | 8,671,200 | 6,993,143 |

This shows a gain of 818,179 in five years for these six States, an average of 136,363, or a few less than 27,373 per year. In one of these States, Kansas, there has been an actual decrease in these five years of 92,362, or 18,472 per year. The average increase for these six States, omitting Kansas, was 9.43 per cent. compared with 31 50 per cent. the decade from 1880 to 1890. The following table shows the percentage of increase for each State named:

| | Increase from 1890 to 1895. Per cent. | Increase from 1880 to 1890. Per cent. |
|---|---|---|
| Iowa | 7.55 | 17 68 |
| Kansas | 43 27 | 43 27 |
| Massachusetts | 11.50 | 25 57 |
| Minnesota | 2 81 | 66 74 |
| New Jersey | 16 63 | 27 74 |
| Rhode Island | 11 88 | 24 96 |
| Average | 9 43 | 31.50 |
| *Decrease. | | |

It will be seen by referring to this table that the three Eastern States have held their own better than the three Western States, which show only an increase of 7.2 per cent., against 36.5 per cent. for the preceding decade. There are several ways of accounting for this comparatively small increase as indicated by the States herein named, the principal of which is the hard times which have prevailed more or less for the past four years, which checked the flow of immigration, and checked increase of population in other ways not necessary here to mention. There has not been immigration enough into the Eastern States here mentioned to account for their holding their own so much better than the Western States, so the inference is that there has been less migration from the East to the West than in former years.

But the falling off in the West has been remarkable, for the three States herein named are classed as among the best agricultural States of the West, notwithstanding the fact that Kansas has suffered severely within the past few years from protracted droughts. We published a statement a few days ago showing the distribution of immigration by sections, the proportion of the Western States being very small compared with the Atlantic, especially the North Atlantic States, which is somewhat reversing the order, for until within the past few years the bulk of immigration went Westward, drawn thither by the cheap lands and fair prospects of finding employment by those who were not able to by land and had to live on the earnings of their daily labor. This once favored section, as vast as it is and as numerously populated as ft is by people from other countries, and as inviting as it has been, seems to have lost its attractions for the immigrants, who now turn their faces in other directions. This is not the fault of the country, which is as good as it ever was, although for the farmer not so productive as it was some years ago when the lands were new, fresh and prolific with their virgin fertility, but in some respects it should have more attractions now than it had years ago, for the construction of railroads has made intercourse more easy, added much to the comforts and conveniences, and the increase of population has made it possible to establish more and better schools, thus affording better opportunities for the education of the young, a very important consideration with parents who are concerned in the welfare of their children. But whatever the attractions may have been or may be they are, in the estimation of many, more than offset by the depression which for some years weighed down the agricultural industry, the great industry of the West, and by the poor return the farmers as a rule have received for their years of toil and self-denial, privation not only for themselves but for their families.

As a class, notwithstanding the inflow of immigration and the civilizing of the wilderness, the building of railroads, the growth of cities and the increase in the number and enlargement of the home markets, the farmers of the West are not as well off, but are worse off than they were ten or even twenty years ago, when they realized much more from the products of their acres and the labor of their hands than they do now. If the object with a man is simply to raise enough to feed and clothe him he might be contented with farming in the West, but if he desires, as most men do, to be reasonably compensated for his labor, and to have something to show for it each year, something added to his storings of thrift to educate and start in life those for whom he toils, then cheap lands are not a fascinating factor with him, for land is cheap or dear only in proportion to the income realized from it. Lands which yield no income are dear at any price, while lands which yield a liberal income are cheap at any price. This is the cause of the small increase of population in the West for some years past compared with previous years, and this cause will continue to operate until something happens which will better the prospects of the man who follows the plow.

We have no figures giving the increase of population in the Southern States for the past five years, but if we had we think it would be shown that the percentage of increase has been greater than in any other section of the country. We know the fact that there has been a steady inflow of settlers from the North and West, especially the West, and the probabilities are that the South has gained as much if not more than the West has lost in the decrease as compared with the previous decade. And this Western migratory movement Southward has not yet had a good start.

## MINOR MENTION.

No one now thinks, if anyone ever did think, that the so-called "popular loan" will be a success as a popular loan, though there is no doubt that the full amount will be subscribed for, and more, if there had been a call for more. There are several reasons why it will not be a success as a popular lone, one of which is that the people, if they had the gold to invest in that way, cannot compete with the syndicates which have millions of gold cornered and hoarded, with the special object of bidding on these bonds. Another is that if there is gold among the people it is in such small quantities that it would require a searchlight to find it. Some time ago when the New York *World* was blowing on the big trombone far a popular loan, it announced that it would publish the names of all subscribers, with the amounts they would take. In response it published the names of a good many banks and others, the aggregate amount of whose subscriptions foot up $16,036,000. Commenting on this Mr. W. E. Curtis, the Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Record*, and a very able and well posted one, too, says:

"A New York paper reports it has received subscriptions to the new 4 per cent. loan amounting to $16,036 000, and the paper gives the names of the banks sending in these subscriptions. A gentleman in the Treasury has taken pains to compare this list with the reports from the various national banks named made in December, and finds that they have only about one-fourth of the gold necessary to meet their subscriptions and that if they paid them in lump the available cash of some 1,900 banks would be reduced to less than $5,000,000. In fact, banks in thirteen of the States have subscribed for $9 192,000 more bonds than they have money to pay for, and in many instances the subscriptions are two, three and even four times larger than the available cash reported to the Comptroller of the Currency."

If there are any people who have gold soaked down which they are anxious to get rid of, they are selling it to the brokers who are offering a premium on it with the intention of turning it over to the syndicate which is laying for the bonds.

* * *

The steady subsidence of the waters of the great lakes for some years is becoming a serious matter with people engaged in navigating these lakes and with the towns and cities whose commerce is largely dependent upon them. There has been a fall in the level of between four and five feet principally within the past nine years, which has been attributed to the decreased rainfall within that time. This is in all probability one of the causes, but the cultivation of the land and the absorbtion of much of the rainfall by the loose soil is another. If it be true that the decreased rainfall is the main cause, what reason is there to believe that more rainfall may be looked for in the future than in the recent past? This being so, the probabilities are that this cause will continue to be operative and that the level of the lakes will continue to sink. We know the fact that the lakes of Minnesota are steadily disappearing, some having totally disappeared, farms being now cultivated where years ago there was deep water. Decreased rainfall, cultivation of the soil, and continuous evaporation has done this, and the same causes will affect the great lakes, not so speedily, of course, for these are great bodies of water and drainage centers for a vast territory. As this is a matter of vital importance to the lake cities which this constant lowering of the level will eventually practically make inland places, serious thought is being turned to some means of decreasing the outflow, the apparently most plausible way suggested being the damming of the outlets from the lakes so as to govern the outflow and prevent waste.

* * *

While there is considerable noise made by the high tariff people for an increase of tariff dutles, ostensibly to increase the revenue, but really to pander to the manufacturers, or such of them as prefer to make money by plundering the people rather than by hard effort to reach out for new markets, the reports for the past year show remarkable figures by our manufacturers under the new tariff. There never was more activity in the iron industry than within the past year, the output of pig iron being the greatest on record. Iron and steel were two of the highly protected articles under the McKinley tariff. So have the woolen and cotton mills been remarkably active, and unusually prosperous. The statement of dividends for the Fall River Manufactories (cotton and woolen) for 1895 shows a dividend of 8.9 per cent. on over $21.000,000 of capital invested, against 7.36 per cent. in 1892, when protection was in full blast and before the industrial and financial troubles began to be felt. Free wool has put the American manufacturer in a position to compete with foreign manufactures who previously had the advantage of him in that, an advantage which more than offset any real or imaginary advantages in the tariff protection they had under the McKinley tariff.

Col. Cockerill writes the New York *Herald* from Japan, that A. H. Butler, a capitalist of San Francisco, has contracted with forty-two cotton manufacturers of that country to take only American cotton, and he will begin now with a monthly shipment of four thousand bales, which will be increased to five thousand bales in a little while, and he hopes to make it ten thousand before the year is out. The indications are that both Japan and China will in a short while be consumers of an immense quantity of American cotton.

## CURRENT COMMENT.

——Japan has hardly had a formal introduction among the company of civilized nations, and is yet in the very infancy of industrial effort, yet our congregated manufacturers are asking to have their Government protect them against their little Asiatic competitor!—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

——Once more the snarling, snapping, worthless yellow dog has been "vindicated." The South Carolina Legislature is the vindicator this time. That body has refused to pass a dog law, or rather an anti dog law. It can hardly be successfully questioned that such a law would be worth thousands of dollars each year to the farmers of the State.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— The Savannah *News* calls attention to the fact that the establishing of old soldiers' colonies in the South, and the moving here of many individual veterans means the turning of Northern pensions into Southern channels. Let the good work go on, say we, but it will take a long time before the pension money that comes to the South will come near to balancing the money the South pays for pensions.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

## TWINKLINGS.

—An Insurmountable Objection—"Can't I rent you this house next to the church?"

"No; my wife likes to come in late."—*Chicago Record.*

——Architect—Have you any suggestions for the study, Mr. Ververich?

Ververich—Only that it must be brown. Great thinkers, I understand, are generally found in a brown study.—*Household Words.*

— At the recent school census—Policeman (to young boy)—Your name?

"Patrick Reilley."

'What is your father?'

"Dead."

"What was he before he died?"

"Alive."—*Texas Siftings.*

— Quericus—How did such a place ever get the reputation of being a great health resort?

Cynicus—Two or three prominent men died there.—*Tit-Bits.*

— Old Graybeard—"It's a pity to keep such a pretty bird in a cage."

Mrs. De Style—'Isn't it a shame? How perfectly exquisitely lovely it would look on a hat!"—*Erie (Pa) Messenger.*

—Potterby—Mr. Freshleigh, can you give the difference between the abstract and the concrete?

Freshleigh—I think I can give an example.

Potterby—Very well.

Freshleigh—Well, justice and a justice.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— The principal of the female seminary was kind but firm. "Here after," she announced, addressing her students, "football is forbidden by the faculty. Yesterday two young ladies had their sleeves crushed." A murmur of horror arose from the assemblage.—*Detroit Tribune.*

## SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Concord *Standard*: At the ripe old age of 88 years, Mr. Carter Bradshaw, of No. 4 township, died at his home Tuesday night of pneumonia.

— Wilkesboro *News*: We understand that the prospects are growing brighter each day for a large furniture factory, in fact it is an almost assured certainty.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: What our farmers lacked in buying fertilizers last year they seem to be making up this year. Several car loads in excess of number last year have been side-tracked here.

— Charlotte *Observer*: Messrs. J. C. Smith & Co., doing a general merchandise business in Rockingham, were closed Tuesday by the sheriff to satisfy judgments of W. D. McRae and the Bank of Pee Dee.

— Newbern *Journal*: Mr. Wm. H. Cook died Wednesday night, Jan. 29th, at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. J. S. McGowan, of Bright's disease. Mr. Cook was 64 years of age. He was a native a South Carolina, but his home was in Newbern for many years.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: The death of Mr. Isaac Williams, one of the oldest citizens of Greene county, occurred at his residence Thursday evening, in the 90th year of his age. —— After a short but painful illness, Mrs. William E Pearson quietly breathed her last at her home near Salem church, in Stony Creek township, Tuesday evening, aged 33 years.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: Mr. Eli Glass's little child, aged about five years, was burned to death last Thursday night. It went out with some of the children to the wood pile with a torch, from which its clothing caught. The child was so badly burned that it died early next morning. —— Mr. Benjamin Cass, aged about 60 years, dropped dead at his home at Osbornville, on the 23rd inst. He had been out to the barn feeding his stock and was as well as usual. On arriving at the house as he stepped into the door he fell over dead. Heart trouble is supposed to have been the cause of his death.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: On last Thursday morning, 23d instant, Dr. D. Smith quietly and unexpectedly passed away at his residence near St. Paul's. The Doctor had enjoyed better health this winter than usual, and just before Christmas had taken a trip to Atlanta. A few days after his return he was seized with an attack of rheumatism, to which he was subject in bad weather, but last week he was thought to be getting better, especially on the day before his death. That night he was more cheerful than usual and those near him felt less anxiety about him. On Thursday morning, when the servant went to his room to build a fire, the Doctor complained of feeling bad. A few minutes later when the servant came in with his breakfast she found him dead. He was born in this county May 1st 1825, and was therefore nearly 71 years old. —— Mr. Jesse Flowers, of Orrum, aged 75 years, and Mr. Q B. Mitchell, of Iona, aged 40 years, two of our representative citizens, died last week.

## BURNS AND SCOTT.

### The Latter Tells of His Meeting With Burns In Youth.

The "gray metropolis of the north," even under the inclemencies of the late severe winter, rollicksomely the classic appreciation of Scotland—perfervidum ingenium Scotorum. The Royal Scottish academy, in Edinburgh, was, so to say, the shrine of worshipers—or, at least, enthusiasts—because of a rising Scotch artist's most striking painting toward realizing this meeting of Scotland's two greatest poets, told with such inestimable humility by Scott in his autobiographic "Reminiscences."

"As for Burns," Scott wrote, "I may truly say Virgilium vidi tantum. I was a lad of 15, in 1786-7, when he first came to Edinburgh, but had sense and feeling enough to be much interested in his poetry and would have given the world to know him, but I had very little acquaintance with any literary people and still less with the gentry of the west country, the two sets that he most frequented. Mr. Thomas Grierson was at that time a clerk of my father's. He knew Burns and promised to ask him to his lodgings to dinner, but had no opportunity to keep his word, otherwise I might have seen more of this distinguished man.

"As it was, I saw him one day at the late venerable Professor Ferguson's, where there were several gentlemen of literary reputation, among whom I remember the celebrated Mr. Dugald Stewart. Of course the youngsters sat silent and listened. The only thing that I remember which was remarkable in Burns' manner was the effect produced upon him by a print of Burnbury's, representing a soldier lying dead in the snow, his dog sitting in misery on one side and on the other his widow with a child in her arms. These lines were written beneath:

"Cold on Canadian hills or Minden's plain,
Perhaps that parent wept her soldier slain.
Bent o'er her babe, her eyes dissolved in dew,
The big drops mingling with the milk he drew
Gave the sad presage of his future years,
The child of misery baptized in tears.

"Burns seemed much affected by the print, or rather by the ideas suggested to his mind. He actually shed tears. He asked whose the lines were, and it chanced that nobody but myself remembered that they occur in a half forgotten poem of Langborne's called by the unpromising title of 'The Justice of the Peace.' I whispered my information to a friend present, who mentioned it to Burns, who rewarded me with a look and a word, which, though of mere civility, I then received and still recollect with very great pleasure."

The "print" thus immortalized hung in its old place until comparatively recently in the house of Sir Adam Ferguson. On his death it came into the possession of the late Sir William Chambers of The Journal, and now forms part of his bequest in the Chambers Institute, Peebles.—Scottish American.

### One to the Lawyer.

A gentleman dying left all his estates to a monastery on condition that, on the return of his only son, who was then abroad, the worthy fathers should give him whatever "they should choose."

When the son came home, he went to the monastery and received but a small share, the wise monks choosing to keep the greatest part for themselves. The young man consulted his friends, and all agreed that there was no remedy.

At last a barrister, to whom he happened to mention the case, advised him to sue the monastery and promised to gain his case. The gentleman followed this advice, and the suit terminated in his favor through the management of the advocate, who grounded his plea upon this reasoning:

"The testator," said the ingenious barrister, "has left his son that 'share of the estate which the monks should choose.' These are the express words of the will. Now it is plain what part they have chosen by what they keep for themselves. My client, then, stands upon the words of the will. 'Let me have,' says he, 'this part they have chosen, and I am satisfied.'"—London Tit-Bits.

### Jewels.

Don't wear a jewel without thinking of what the wearing expresses—large single stones are always vulgar, indicating a mind that is satisfied merely with the value of the stone. Many buy such things only as an investment, thinking of how much they can realize if they wish to sell. Such, of course, are outside the domain of good taste. Such women usually look brazen or frightened.—Edmund Russell.

### The Contemplative Angler.

Under this sycamore tree, with the sound of the clear river dove in our ears, with the odor of the May flowers freshly around us after this gentle shower, and in the sight of these meadows, gold and silver, the overflowing of nature for the delectation of all quiet and contemplative anglers, we do well sigh that our life is so much in walls and so little here.—Izaak Walton.

## HEART'S DESIRES.

"Couldn't you wait for me?" asked the boy eagerly.

"Wait for you! What an absurd idea!" laughed the girl. "Why, you are only 16. It will be ten years at least before you are able to marry, and in ten years I shall be quite old. You see," continued the girl sagely, "I am old enough to be married now, and that is where the difference comes in. And I am going to be presented and go to parties and wear lovely frocks —I do hate those shabby old things—and then I shall marry somebody rich and great and live in the world. I'm so tired of this little poky place, with nothing but lessons and Sunday school children and rheumatic old women"—when suddenly looking down at the golden haired lad stretched on the turf at her feet—"only, of course, I shall miss you, Herbert."

"That is all very well for you, but what is to become of me? I want to marry for love, and how can I if you go and marry somebody else?" said the boy plaintively.

"It is quite easy," answered the girl as she plucked a stem of flowering grass, then gravely counted, "'This year, next year, some time, never,' this year; think of that! You must, of course, fall in love with somebody who isn't married. You can't really be in love with me, I think, because you are so young, and I am not in love with you. I am almost the only girl you know, and you are used to me. We are like brother and sister, but that isn't love."

"How do you know?" asked the boy jealously. "Are you in love? Old Tompkins is the only man about here."

"Don't be cross. Old Tompkins! A bald head, spectacles and a perpetual sniffle. No, Herbert, I'm not in love with a man at all. I'm in love with life and wealth and power. If you'd always worn hideous old frocks that didn't fit and had been kept at home all your life with stupid governesses, because it is no good spending money on a girl until it will pay from the marrying point of view, you would know what I feel like. But you have your ambitions too. You want to be a great poet; you want all the world to see the rocks and woods and the everchanging sea as you see them, and to hear the skylark and the nightingale as you hear them. Isn't that enough for you?"

"No, I want all that and more too. Oh, Meg, can't you see that you have been the inspiration of all my poetry, that it is for you I've written the songs the birds sing to me and painted the pictures our eyes have seen together? This beautiful place will be all empty and drear when you are gone. Must you go? Stay here as we have been until I get some money. If you go I cannot come after you, and what am I to do here?"

The girl's face grew troubled and her eyes wandered far out to sea, where a white sail had just appeared above the horizon.

* * * * * * *

"Who does she say she is?"

"She's the widow of Lord Hardworth. He was fabulously rich and held some position in the last cabinet, but he was an awful skinflint and not exactly what he should have been in other respects. He's been dead about two years. Splendid woman, isn't she? But she looks as though she had not found life all beer and skittles."

"I believe I know something of her then. Wasn't she Sir John Haughton's only daughter?"

"Yes, and an uncommonly pretty girl. Directly she came out she carried off the prize of the season—at least so my mother said, and she was pretty sure to know the quality of the goods upon the market, because my second sister came out that same spring.

"Look, she's speaking to that curious looking little man with the red hair who turned up at table d'hote yesterday. He looks like a musician or an artist. Dear me, how she has brightened up! What will you bet he isn't an old lover. She doesn't look more than 30, with that pretty blush and the smile, and to think of their being thrown away on that withered specimen of humanity. They are strolling into the pine wood. If that isn't the last chapter of a romance in real life, I'll venture to eat my hat. I must find out who the fellow is."

"You need not trouble, my dear chap. You're ridiculously behindhand, or you'd know that that is our only poet, Herbert Blaxtone."

"That Herbert Blaxtone! Well, I'd never have thought it. I always did say that geniuses and poets in particular should conceal their personality. It's so disillusioning to know that your favorite sonnet was written by a scarecrow. But there's no accounting for the tastes of women, and I dare say the fair widow thinks him an Adonis. A bachelor, isn't he?"

"A widower, I fancy. Anyway his wife has been dead for years. He's nothing like the guy you would make out. You are jealous, old man, because the fair widow, as you call her, has steadily refused to smile on your magnificent proportions. All the same, he's a morose sort of fellow, and nobody knows much about him. He was frightfully poor at one time, I believe, and had more than the usual difficulty in convincing the critics that his verses weren't twaddle. But he's a tremendous swell now."

"And of course my lady is beginning to look out for No. 3.- Kismet, it is fate!"

* * * * * * *

"And you went into the world and found your heart's desire?" said the man.

"Yes; I married and got it in a fashion," answered the woman.

"And it wasn't quite all your fancy painted it?" asked the man.

"Things never turn out exactly as one imagines. There is usually something one does not calculate upon."

"What was it in your case?" persisted the man.

The woman's pale face flushed.

"My heart is dead—it died of starvation. And you? Did the girl come?"

"She did."

"And you married for love?"

He nodded.

"And what then?"

He turned so that she could scarcely hear his words.

"My wife died—she died of starvation."—K. M. Iliffe in Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

### Pearls as a Medicine.

The story of the famous banquet at which Cleopatra dissolved pearls in wine is familiar to all, but the act was a mere show of lavishness and had nothing to do with superstition. Yet pearls, in common with other jewels, have been thought to possess special virtues. In Japan, at the present day, they are sold not by jewelers, but by druggists.—Brooklyn Eagle.

### Good Advice.

In pouring your troubles into a friend's ears, don't lose sight of his tongue.—Atchison Globe.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

### For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind †

### A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use: that he would not be without if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

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### INVOLUNTARY COWARDICE.

#### One Soldier Overcame His Fear, the Other Couldn't.

General Sherman, when once speaking of military bravery, said that the behavior of raw troops in their first engagement was no indication of their subsequent fighting qualities.

"Every man," continued the general, "feels more or less unpleasant when first exposed to fire. I knew a man who on one occasion with only a hunting knife attacked and killed a ferocious bear and on another, at the risk of his own life, rescued two men from a burning building. Yet this same fellow, when first called upon to face the guns of the enemy, trembled like an aspen leaf and fled to the rear. But he afterward redeemed his honor and died sword in hand at the battle of Shiloh."

A similar story with a different ending was once told the writer by General Thomas Harrison, who died at Waco, Tex. A young man, who was always considered a fine, manly fellow, received a commission as lieutenant in a Texas regiment. He took a great interest in military matters and was prompt and faithful in the discharge of his duties, but the minute he was brought in contact with the enemy he became completely unnerved. Again and again he resolved to overcome this cowardice and stand by his colors, but when the hour of trial came an irresistible impulse to flee would always scatter his good resolutions to the winds. His wounded pride and mortified vanity, the scornful contempt of his associates, the certainty of utter disgrace, his extremely sensitive disposition—these were as nothing when pitted against this nightmare of fear. At last, ashamed to go away and afraid to stay, with positive evidence of a court martial at no distant date, in a fit of desperation he took his own life, thus ending the pain and dishonor of his military career.—Detroit Free Press.

### Feed and Feed.

"I feed you, didn't I?" said the guest who had waited long and patiently for his dinner. "Yessah." "Well, you feed me. What I want is a little reciprocity." The waiter looked at him mournfully and then murmured, "I'ze sorry, boss, but I'ze afraid we's jes' out ob dat."—Washington Star.

### Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine, you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

## Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| BAGGING— | | |
| 2-lb jute | | 5½ |
| Standard | 7 | 6¾ |
| BUTTER— | | |
| Hams ₩ lb | 13 | 14 |
| Sides ₩ lb | 7 | 7½ |
| Shoulders ₩ lb | 6½ | 7 |
| DRY SALTED— | | |
| Sides ₩ lb | 5½ | 6 |
| Shoulders ₩ lb | 5 | 4½ |
| BARRELS— (spirits turpentine) | | |
| Second-hand, each | 1 00 | 1 10 |
| New New York, each | 1 35 | 1 40 |
| New City, each | | 1 20 |
| BEESWAX ₩ lb | 25 | 27 |
| BRICKS— | | |
| Wilmington, ₩ M | 6 50 | 7 00 |
| Northern | 9 00 | 14 00 |
| BUTTER— | | |
| North Carolina, ₩ lb | 15 | |
| Northern | 23 | |
| CORN MEAL— | | |
| Per bushel, in sacks | 43½ | 45 |
| Virginia Meal | 43½ | 45 |
| COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle | | 85 |
| CANDLES— ₩ lb | | |
| Sperm | 18 | 35 |
| Adamantine | 9 | 10 |
| CHEESE— ₩ lb | | |
| Northern Factory | 10 | 11 |
| Dairy, Cream | 11 | 12 |
| State | 10 | 10 |
| COFFEE— ₩ lb | 27 | 28 |
| Laguyra | 20 | 23 |
| Rio | 15½ | 20 |
| DOMESTICS— | | |
| Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard | | 5¾ |
| Yarns, ₩ bunch | 18 | 20 |
| EGGS— ₩ dozen | 13½ | 14 |
| FISH | | |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel | 22 00 | 30 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel | 11 00 | 15 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel | 16 00 | 18 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel | 8 00 | 9 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel | 13 00 | 14 00 |
| Mullets, ₩ barrel | 3 00 | 3 25 |
| Mullets, ₩ half-barrel | 1 75 | 2 00 |
| N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg | 3 00 | 3 25 |
| Dry Cod, ₩ lb | 5 | 10 |
| Extra | 3 25 | 3 50 |
| FLOUR— ₩ barrel | | |
| Low grade | | 3 00 |
| Choice | 2 75 | 3 00 |
| Straight | 3 75 | 3 85 |
| Fine Patent | | 4 25 |
| GLUE— ₩ lb | 17 | 10 |
| GRAIN— ₩ bushel | | |
| Corn, from store, bags—White | 45 | 47½ |
| Corn, cargo, in bulk—White | 47 | 49½ |
| Corn, cargo, in bags—White | 47½ | 43½ |
| Oats, from store | 35 | 38 |
| Oats, Rust Proof | 40 | 45 |
| Cow Peas | 50 | 80 |
| HIDES, ₩ lb | | |
| Green | | 6 |
| Dry | | 8 |
| HAY, ₩ 100 lbs | | |
| Eastern | | 1 00 |
| Western | | 90 |
| North River | | 85 |
| HOOP IRON, ₩ lb | 2 | 3½ |
| LARD, ₩ lb | | |
| Northern | 8½ | 9 |
| North Carolina | | 10 |
| LIME, ₩ barrel | 1 | 1 25 |
| LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet— | | |
| Ship Stuff, resawed | 13 00 | 20 00 |
| Rough-Edge Plank | 15 00 | 18 00 |
| West India cargoes, according to quality | 13 00 | 18 00 |
| Dressed Flooring, seasoned | 18 00 | 22 00 |
| Scantling and Board, common | 14 00 | 15 00 |
| MOLASSES, ₩ gallon— | | |
| New Crop Cuba, in hhds | | 32 |
| " in bbls | | 33 |
| Porto Rico, in hhds | 26 | 27½ |
| " in bbls | 28 | 30 |
| Sugar-House, in hhds | 12 | 14 |
| " in bbls | | 15 |
| Syrup, in bbls | 12 | 30 |
| NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis | | 2 80 |
| PORK, ₩ barrel— | | |
| City Mess | 11 00 | 11 00 |
| Rump | 9 | 11 00 |
| Prime | 8 | 11 00 |
| ROPE, ₩ lb | 10 | 12 |
| SALT— ₩ sack | | 75 |
| Liverpool | | 85 |
| Lisbon | | 85 |
| American | | 85 |
| on 120 ₩ Sacks | 40 | 45 |
| SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M | 5 00 | 7 00 |
| Common | 2 00 | 2 50 |
| Cypress Saps | 4 00 | 5 00 |
| Cypress Heart | | 7 50 |
| SUGAR— Standard Grans'd | 5½ | 5¾ |
| Standard A | | 5¼ |
| White Ex. C | | 4¾ |
| Extra C, Golden | 4 | 4½ |
| Yellow | | 4¼ |
| SOAP, ₩ lb | 5 | 6 |
| STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel | 5 00 | 15 |
| R. O. Hogshead | | 10 00 |
| TIMBER, ₩ foot—Shipping | 20 | 3 00 |
| Mill, Prime | 00 | 7 00 |
| Mill, Fair | 6 50 | 4 50 |
| Common Mill | 4 00 | 3 50 |
| Inferior to Ordinary | 3 00 | 3 00 |
| TALLOW, ₩ lb | 5 | |
| WHISKEY, 2 gallon—Northern | 1 00 | 1 |
| North Carolina | 1 00 | 1 |
| WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed | 14 | |
| Clear of burs | 12 | 15 |
| Burry | 10 | 12 |

### COMMERCIAL.

### WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 30.

NAVAL STORES.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 26½ cents per gallon for country and 27 cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR.—Market steady at 95 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1 50 for Hard, $1 90 for Yellow Dip and Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 26c; rosin, strained $1 02½; good strained $1 07½; tar $0 95; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 70.

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits Turpentine | 95 |
| Rosin | 934 |
| Tar | 251 |
| Crude Turpentine | 00 |

Receipts same day last year—87 casks spirits turpentine, 190 bbls rosin, 84 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Steady. Quotations:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 5½ | cts ₩ lb |
| Good Ordinary | 6½ | " " |
| Low Middling | 7 7-16 | " " |
| Middling | 7⅞ | " " |
| Good Middling | 8 3-16 | " " |

Same day last year, middling 4⅞c.

Receipts—895 bales; same day last year 276.

### DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 30.—Evening—Money on call was easy at 3@4 per cent., last loan at 4 and closing offered 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 6@7 per cent. Sterling exchange firm; actual business in bankers' bills 487½@487½ for sixty days and 488½@488½ for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487. Government bonds steadier; United States coupon fours 108½; United States twos 96. State bonds dull. North Carolina fours 102; North Carolina sixes 120. Railroad bonds were dull.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 30—Evening—Cotton dull; middling gulf 8½c; middling 8¼c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; January 7 93; February 7 98, March 8 03; April 8 07, May 8 12, June 8 14, July 8 17, August 8 16, September 7 78, October 7 64, November 7 57, December 7 60. Sales 127 900 bales.

Cotton—net receipts —— bales; gross 2,045 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,426 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 3,601 bales; forwarded 150 bales; sales 3,490 bales, sales to spinners 133 bales; stock (actual) 183,689 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 13,184 bales; exports to Great Britain 16,594 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 9,904 bales; stock 971,587 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 97,729 bales; exports to Great Britain 39,064 bales; to France 5,416 bales; to the Continent 35,783 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 3,977,379 

# Castoria

For Infants and Children.

**Castoria promotes Digestion, and** overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

## What is Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C.A.S.T.O.R.I.A

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

**POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER**

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

**POZZONI'S**

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF Box is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

## Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sciatics, | Scratches, | Contracted Muscles, |
| Lumbago, | Sprains, | Eruptions, |
| Rheumatism, | Strains, | Hoof Ail, |
| Burns, | Stitches, | Screw Worms, |
| Scalds, | Stiff Joints, | Swinney, |
| Stings, | Backache, | Saddle Galls, |
| Bites, | Galls, | Piles. |
| Bruises, | Sores, | |
| Bunions, | Spavin | |
| Corns, | Cracks. | |

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaller needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

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# The Morning Star.

### AN EGGOTISTIC LAY.

Of feathered creatures useflulest and best
That treads the earth is the domestic hen,
Better each nest of other fowls non est
Than hers, dowered daily for the good of men.
Though matin songs of birds with soaring wings
To flighty souls intense delight afford,
Give me the bird whose lays are solid things
By every tasteful epicure encored.
To her extempore offerings, rich and sweet,
What are the lays of larks—for poets only meet?

I love to hear the scornful village cock
Challenge, with scornful cadences, the morn,
But more to hear some matron of his flock
Cackle in triumph o'er an egg newborn.
Hysteric egotist! With frantic pride
Her grand achievement to the world she tells,
Pacing the barnyard with impatient stride,
While every pullet's breast with envy swells.
Good right hath she her feelings to express,
Without whose golden gifts the world were puddingless.

Well may the homestead's feathered Brigham Young
Meet her with cockscomb strut and kindling eye;
Proud of her chuckling voluntary, sung
Over the offspring of polygamy.
'Tis spotless, pure and full of promise rare,
Of that beneficence an exponent
Which from the fowl educes still the fair
And shapes the issues to mankind's content.
As sure as eggs are eggs, so sure I am
Eggs were a luxury deemed before the days of Ham.
—W. R. Barber in New York Ledger.

## PRICE OF A TRUTH.

Maxwell Bernard was a man who daily and hourly presented himself—all unconsciously—to his more cynical friends as a living curiosity by reason of the fact that he was in love with his wife. It is certainly not a very heinous offense in the abstract, even at this end of the nineteenth century, but in the particular set to which Maxwell Bernard belonged it was not considered quite proper to show such marked attention to the woman who belonged to you. Such things were left for other men.

True, Mrs. Maxwell Bernard was young, accomplished and beautiful—beautiful in a calm, statuesque way that rendered her to the many quite inscrutable.

There was one man who claimed to know her secret heart. That man was her husband. Perchance there was another who thought he had even a greater right, but that is another story.

Of all the cynic friends who shrugged their shoulders and sighed for a man they deemed mistaken perhaps the one who thought the most of the matter was honest, drawling, laughing eyed, indolent Joe Chesney—Joe Chesney, who was supposed never to trouble about anything at all, and whose life was apparently one long and badly sustained effort to escape from worry and boredom. But if some of those who claimed to know the indolent one had but scratched below the surface they might have found a warm hearted creature, whose caustic laugh did but hide some better things of which he was half ashamed. But they did not take the trouble to scratch, and they did not know or find the better man.

Years ago, before Maxwell Bernard had succeeded unexpectedly to a fortune, and before Joe Chesney, the indolent, had been called to the bar, these two men had been at school together and had gone together at Oxford, the one filled, even at that time, with a passionate hope that he might solve the great problem called life and make of it a better thing for himself and others; the other lazily and carelessly admiring him, but laughing even then, in his boyish cynicism, at his friend and at all his friend's airy castles.

So they kept the old boyish bond intact, having many things in common and a great, unexpressed devotion for each other at all times—a devotion that was perhaps weakened on the one side when Bernard married, but which never swerved on the other, for all the careless laughter of the cynic Joe.

But a man is most blind to that which most concerns himself and is generally the last to learn of an impending tragedy which o'ershadows him. So it was that, while all the world who knew them pitied the man and blamed the wife and whisperingly coupled the wife's name with the name of another man, Maxwell Bernard knew nothing of it all and lived on in his fool's paradise blind to all things.

But Joe Chesney had heard of it, and Joe Chesney, despite his philosophy, was troubled for his friend's sake. Joe's philosophy had taught him to look on all men and things lightly and to be pleased with their vagaries as a child is pleased with a puppet show. It had taught him, too, a deeper insight into human character and human weakness.

"It's not surprising," he murmured to himself when he heard the scandal, tugging meditatively at his fair mustache, "she's the sort of woman who would never probe at the depths of poor old Max's character—the sort of brute that Calvert is touches her at once. But I'm sorry for poor old Max. It'll kill him. He's always so desperately in earnest. I firmly believe that if the proverbial heavenly visitant appeared in the Albany and told him he wouldn't believe it. And she looks so saintly. What's to be done? Must the domestic virtues be sustained at the risk of a shock, or shall she have her lesson? The latter would be the more convenient—and smacks of originality—but it would upset poor old Max. Oh, ye friends of my errant youth, why will ye marry?"

The result of his cogitation was that he decided to warn his friend. He had nothing but a feeling of contempt for the woman. It is only fair to say that she did not enter into his considerations. He thought only of the friend who had been his friend through all his life, since the days that they had wandered, with arms around necks, in the old school playing fields.

The two men met in a favorite restaurant, with a balcony outside its windows overlooking the crowded and noisy street. Joe Chesney was, for him, strangely nervous and spoke but little; Bernard, for his part, was in the highest possible spirits.

"Joe, old boy," he exclaimed at last rallyingly, "you are not yourself. Come, tell your old friend all about it. Is she coy, or does the Joseph of my youth fear to tell his love? Who is she? What is she? Tell me."

Joe roused himself and smiled across the table at his friend. "Your thoughts run ever in the same groove, Max. Are there no other things save women in this life of ours? Does life hold no fairer, fuller goblet to our lips, to drain if we will? Is ambition nothing—friendship nothing—is there nothing, in short, but kisses, and empty smiles, and honeyed words, mon ami?"

"Ah, Joe," said the other lightly, "you have not been in love—you know nothing of it. When you have, you will learn a truer, wider life—all things will change."

"Will it blind me to things I can see—give me a fool's hope, a fool's joy—a basking in the glare of the sunlight, with the thunder clouds hanging above me. Will it? Tell me that!"

In his momentary earnestness he had leaned forward across the table and fixed his erstwhile careless eyes upon his friend. The friend startled, looked at him gravely for a moment, and then laughed.

"Come, my Joe, your cynic nature is souring you. You want some true little woman's bright eyes to lead you to better things—to teach"—

"Tell me where I should find her!" exclaimed the other bitterly, rising and pushing aside his chair and moving toward the open window. "Tell me where, under these stars, she dwells tonight, and I will seek her and own my philosophy a blunder."

"Such women as you would want are rare," said Bernard slowly. "Such a one as my Stephanie, now—where could you find"—

"No, no," said the other hurriedly. "Not such as that woman, your wife. Never that."

Maxwell Bernard had risen quickly, and his face was white as he faced Chesney. The room was empty save for themselves, and the whole place seemed very silent. Only the muffled roar of the traffic floated up to them, and the little French clock on the mantelshelf seemed to be ticking at an awful rate.

"Are you mad, Chesney, or have you been drinking?" said Bernard coldly. "Something has overwrought or troubled you."

"Something has troubled me, Max, and the time has come for me to speak," said the other in a low voice, with all the old indolent drawl gone from his tones. "I have brought you here tonight for that purpose alone, Max." He stretched out his hands appealingly and then dropped them heavily at his sides again. "Dear old school chum, I implore you, by the memory of the old days when we were innocent and light hearted boys together, to hear me. Believe only that I could not lie to you. I—I love you too well for that. But if I did not tell you others might do so—others from whose lips the words would be an insult. Max, but that your happiness—God in heaven knows I have never spoken of this thing—but that your happiness, I say, is more to me than my own, a thousand times, I would not have spoken now. But your wife"—

"Silence!" broke in the other hotly. "Leave her pure name alone, man."

"I cannot. Max, you have been blind and deaf. All this fair pretense. O God, will you not see what is apparent to all? She—and Calvert"— He paused, half expecting another fiery outburst, but Bernard stood quite still, watching him. "Have you not seen them together? Have you not heard? Ah, Max, is it not hard enough that I should have to tell you this?"

"I want no excuses. You have always thought lightly of women. You have dared to add her name to the list. You coward!"

"Coward yourself!" cried the other wildly. "In pure friendship I have come to you this night in the memory of the old days, when no fair, false woman stood between us—and"—

In an instant Bernard's fingers were at his throat, and his hot breath fanned his cheek. But Joe Chesney was the stronger man of the two and shook the other off after a short struggle and stood there, with something of his own calmness regained, looking at Bernard, who had staggered back against the table.

"You hound!" cried Maxwell fiercely. "You come here, presuming on your old friendship, to breathe your false calumnies against a pure woman, to dare to speak words"—

"Say no more," said Joe quietly, raising his hand. "The time is past for explanation. What do you want?"

"You know what I want. No man shall say such words of her; no man shall breathe her name lightly, not even my friend," he added sneeringly. "My friend! Friend no more! Will you meet me?"

Joe Chesney started and glanced quickly at the flushed face of the other man; then he bowed his head and assented.

So it came about that they met in a meadow overlooking a little sleepy Belgian town one early spring morning, with all the fair sunlight about them, and all the air full of the songs of birds. There the friends faced each other for the last time. The words were sharply spoken, and the double report rang out. Joe Chesney, with a last steadfast look at his friend, raised his pistol and fired in the air. Maxwell Bernard, with a white, set face, fired point blank at the man who faced him. Poor Chesney turned almost round once, and then fell forward on his face. As the seconds rushed toward him they were startled by the sounds of shouts and the plunging of horses; then there was a crash, and the shouting sounded again. It came from the roadway on the other side of the thick hedge that bounded the field. One man ran up where Chesney was lying and turned him over, then came running back with a subdued face. The gentleman was quite dead, he said.

Perhaps fear of discovery led them toward the road. One man even suggested it, as no good could be done by waiting there, they could only get away. They scrambled through a gap in the hedge one by one hurriedly and came upon an overturned carriage, with two horses near at hand held by the driver. Near the carriage stood two people, a man and a woman. The driver stolidly said that the lady and gentleman were English and were hurrying to another station by a cross route in the hope to meet the express. He was garrulous and said that some firing had frightened his horses, and that they had bolted up the steep bank at the side of the road.

Bernard was the last to scramble through the gap, and the lady and gentleman had their backs to him as he jumped down into the road. Then, all in a flash, he heard the voice of one of the seconds, speaking in a tone of surprise and addressing the gentleman as "Calvert." At the same instant the woman turned quickly, and saw him, and put her hands to her face with a frightened scream, and staggered backward.

And the woman was Maxwell Bernard's wife.—Firefly.

### Van Buren's Answers.

One day the merits of Van Buren were being discussed by a party of politicians on a Hudson river steamboat. One of the party had been dwelling on his noncommittalism and complaining that a plain answer to a plain question was never elicited from him.

"I'll wager the champagne for the company," added he, "that if one of us shall go down to the cabin and ask Van Buren the simplest question that can be thought of he will evade a direct answer. Yes, and I'll give you leave, too, to tell Van Buren why you ask the question, and that there is a bet depending on the reply."

This seemed fair enough. One of the party was deputed to go down and try the experiment.

He found Van Buren, whom he knew well, in the saloon and said:

"Mr. Van Buren, some gentlemen on the upper deck have been accusing you of noncommittalism and have just laid a wager that you would not give a plain answer to the simplest question, and they deputed me to test the fact. Now, sir, allow me to ask you, 'Where does the sun rise?'"

Mr. Van Buren's brow contracted, he hesitated a moment, then said:

"The terms east and west are conventional, but"—

"That'll do," interrupted the interrogator; "we have lost the bet!"—Washington Post.

### Royalty Worship.

Royalty worship reached an absurd point the other day. The Prince of Wales seated himself in a public park to chat for a moment with a friend. On his rising to resume his stroll three well dressed young ladies hastened to the spot which he had just left and one after the other knelt and kissed the seat which had been honored by supporting their future king—this, too, in the presence of several hundred onlookers. This is even worse than the idiocy of the man who picked up the stump of a cigar thrown away by the prince and keeps it in a glass case, to be exhibited to all his friends. It is a rich manufacturer in Sheffield who religiously preserves a grease spot on the wall of his billiard room made by the august head of his royal highness when seated on the divan which runs around the room while watching a game of billiards after dinner. A number of years have passed since then, and the billiard room has undergone many alterations in the shape of new wall paper and redecoration. One thing alone remains untouched—namely, that little oleaginous mark on the wall.—Boston Herald.

### The Rose Breasted Grosbeak.

Perhaps the most beautiful of all the birds that visit us is the rose breasted grosbeak. It has not the dazzling brilliancy of the scarlet tanager or the oriole nor the striking intensity of the indigo bird. But its general coloring is harmonious and finely shaded, while the spot of crimson on its breast is a decoration that all the other winged creatures well may envy. These grosbeaks were comparatively rare hereabout until the year of the great blizzard (1888). That, as many will remember, was followed by an unprecedented abundance of song birds, and among these grosbeaks and orioles predominated. Ever since then the grosbeaks have been in many parts of the city at least as abundant as the orioles.—Hartford Courant.

### Another Bar.

"Where's the bar?" asked a dirty looking stranger of a waiter at a hotel the other day.

"What kind of a bar?" asked the latter.

"Why, a liquor bar, of course. What do you suppose I mean?"

"Well," drawled the boy, "I didn't know but you might mean a bar of soap."—London Tit-Bits.

### Sorry He Spoke.

He—Great heavens, woman! Do you think I am made of money?

She—I wish you were; I could get you changed then.—Indianapolis Journal.

### Vice President St. John and the Seaboard Air Line Management.

*From the Portsmouth Star, January 25th.*

The Raleigh *Press Visitor*, which some months ago was so active in informing the public that the Winder interests had secured control of the Seaboard Air Line, is out in a wail of woe and anguish at the removal of Col. John H. Winder as general manager of the Seaboard Air Line and is predicting all sorts of losses, business and otherwise, to that system.

While the *Star* is in no manner familiar with the policy of Mr. St. John, it is understood he was sent here by the bondholders to conduct the management of the Seaboard Air Line on business principles, and not to cater to any local prejudices or interests.

It is within our recollection when General Superintendent Myers was forced out to make room for Mr. John H. Winder.

Then why should our Raleigh contemporary howl so vigorously when Mr. Winder was treated to a dose of the same medicine. Changes in the management of railroads are frequent. The chief executive officer, in order to secure the best results for the interests he represents, cannot be hampered by subordinate officers who may not be in accord with his policy, or whose training and ability may not equal the standard of requirement.

It is evident the Seaboard and Roanoke railroad controls the future policy of the Seaboard Air Line system. Messrs. Hoffman and St. John, as well stated, 'are now in the saddle," and running the line on business principles. Under previous managements, while the general offices and shop work have been distributed at different points at which it was thought necessary to cater to local interests, Mr. St. John, without fear or favor, has consolidated all the general offices in Portsmouth with increased clerical force. He has centralized as far as possible the car building and repair work here. He has advertised his line and the communities through which it passes in a manner never attempted before in the South, and be it remembered, he advertises with Portsmouth as the terminus of his road. He is active in encouraging every enterprise and industry that will develop and aid in upbuilding this system.

His relations with the employes of the Seaboard Air Line have been of the most pleasant nature. He expects them to get paid for their work and demands in return their application and devotion to the interests they represent.

The city of Portsmouth has done much for the Seaboard and Roanoke railroad, yet it remained for Mr. St John to secure to us the benefits to be derived from a consolidation of general offices and increased work at the shops

Then, too, the *Press-Visitor* is reminded that it is due to Mr. St. John's firm, business-like management that the city of Raleigh to-day has the advantages of two competing lines of railroad—the Seaboard Air Line and the Southern. But for Mr. St. John, it is now well understood, the latter road would have swallowed up the former and with it competitive freight rates.

### Evidently Feminine.

"How do you know that creature who passed here on a wheel was a woman and not a man?"

"Because her costume looked considerably more like a man's than those most of the men are wearing."—Chicago Record.

The science of meteorology dates from the time of Aristotle, who, so far as known, made the first weather observations.

An injured nail on the right hand will be renewed ten days or two weeks sooner than if on the left.

MR. WM. GOAT—"I had a very narrow escape from death to-day, my dear. I ate one of those lawn mower signs and in process of digestion it cut me several times."

NANNY GOAT—"Gracious! William, you always were careless and imprudent in eating. What did you do for it?"

MR. WM. GOAT—"Just swallowed a Pond's Extract sign. You know Pond's Extract is the best thing for cuts and lacerations."

*Avoid substitutes.*

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dec 29 tf

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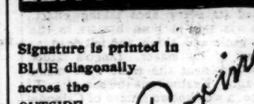

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## W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

| NORTH BOUND | STATIONS. | SOUTH BOUND |
|---|---|---|
| | —WILMINGTON— | |
| P M 3 00 | Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar | P M 12 40 |
| 3 55 | Lv.. Jacksonville .....Lv | 10 45 |
| 4 30 | Lv.. Mayville .....Lv | 11 09 |
| 4 44 | Lv.. Pollocksville.....Lv | 9 20 |
| 5 3 | Ar.. Newbern .....Lv | 9 30 |
| P M | | A M |

Train 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort. Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

## ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JAN. 6, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.52 a m, Warsaw 11.16 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 p m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 1.32 p m, Tarboro 2.35 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.39 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.58 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.38 p m, Wilson 10.22 p m, †Tarboro 7.08 a m, Rocky Mount 11.06 a m, Weldon 12.01 a m, Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.30 a m, Richmond 5.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.32 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.32 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY No. 45—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.40 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.20 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.58 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.19 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY No. 42—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.03 a m, Baltimore 3.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.13 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 1.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.06 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 5.45 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 9.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, *leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 6.50 a m, Warsaw 7.37 a m, Magnolia 8.18 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY No. 94—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 8.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 3.35 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m., Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 30 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a m, arrive Parmele 8.40 a m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4 00 p m; Parmele 5.30 p. m. arrives Washington 7.45 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.43 p m; Sunday 8.45 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5.00 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 30 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 30 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday as 11.10 a m and 5 50 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 30 a m and 7 15 p m, Lucknow 1 00 p m, and 8 15 p m; returning leave Lucknow 6 30 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8 00 a m and 3.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8 40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 10 a m, Rowland 9 35 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 16 p m, arrives Dillon 6.37 p m, Latta 6.57 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 7.05 p m. returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5 35 p m, arrive Hub 6.50 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 5.45 a m, *8.50 a m, 7 35 p m, arrive Darlington 9.56 a m, 9.30 a m, *2.30 a m, 8 p m, Hartsville *10 a m and 8.00 p m, Bennettsville 8 54 p m, Gibson 9 31 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 6.00 p m, Cheraw 8.45 p m, Gibson 9 30 a m, Bennettsville 8 16 a m, Hartsville 6.50 a m, *6 40 a m, Darlington 7.30 a m, *7 25 p m, 4.30 p m, 6.05 p m, arrive Florence 7.50 a m, *7 50 a m, 5 p m, 6 40 p m. *Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 p m, Manning 6.36 p m, arrive Lane's 7 19 p m, leave Lanes 8 38 a m, Manning 9.18 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 5 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 9.05 p m, 11 15 p m, arrive Selma 8.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m. 1.15 a m, Rowland 6.02 p m, returning leave Rowland 9 37 a m, Fayetteville 10.56 a m, 6.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.35 p m, Selma 12.52 p m, arrive Wilson 1.50 p m, 11.15 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington *7.35 a m, arrives Sumter *8 53 a m. Leave Sumter *10 a m, arrives Pregnalls *64 0 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 35 a m, arrives Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4.17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m, Leaves Pregnall *6 50 a m, arrives Sumter *8 05 p m. Leaves Sumter *6 15 p m, arrives Darlington *7 15 p m.

*Daily except Sunday. H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 6 tf

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CROATAN, Saturday, Feb. 8

Wilmington for New York.
CROATAN, Saturday, Feb. 1
GEO. W. CLYDE, Saturday, Feb. 8

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
CROATAN, Tuesday, Jan. 28
GEO. W. CLYDE, Tuesday,

# The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 31, 1896


## SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market—Manchester Markets.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The *Sun* says: Cotton closed steady, with this month's crop four to six points higher, October one point higher and later months irregular. The sales were 127,900 bales.

To-day's features: While the receipts at the interior points were larger than had been expected, and the estimates both for Houston and New Orleans to-morrow were large; while, moreover, Liverpool reacted before the close and next crop months closed lower there, and dry goods were dull in this country, and the anti-option craze has once more been awakened by Congress, and the speculation continues light, yet the market closed higher on the spot and also for futures of this crop. Manchester reports a good trade and the receipts at the ports were unexpectedly small. The South sold the next crop months and they alleged in the rear. It is claimed that a February movement is likely to be heavy, some stating it at 420,000 to 450,000 bales. New Orleans was weak on the spot and Liverpool showed a decline on next crop months of one to two points, though higher for the present crop. The receipts at the ports were only about half as large, however, as the exports, and a New Orleans dispatch expressed considerable doubt as to whether the February movement would be anywhere near as large as the bears predict. In the meantime both bulls and bears are keeping close to shore, trading cautiously and for very moderate gains.

## GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Another Bulge in Wheat—Corn and Oats Higher in Sympathy—Lard and Ribs Closed Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO January 30.—Wheat made a great gain in price to-day. The strength which developed was ascribed to large sales of cash wheat for shipment in the Northwest and at the seaboard, but the over-sold condition of the market was the live issue. Armour was believed to be again agressive on the bull side, and outsiders were toiling on with their usual persistence. May wheat opened from 64⅝@65c, sold between 64¼c and 66⅜c, closing at 65¾@65⅞c, 1¼c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat did not keep pace with the futures, an advance of 1 per cent. taking place in that branch.

Corn—Within a narrower range than that of wheat, corn exhibited sympathy and moved in accord with the finer grain. May corn opened at 30¼c to 30⅜c, sold between 30¼ and 30⅜c to 30½c, closing at 30¼ to 30⅜c.—⅛ to ¼c. higher than yesterday. Cash corn was ¼c. higher.

A very quiet and dull business was transacted in oats. May oats closed ¼ to ⅜c. higher than yesterday. Cash oats were firm and ¼c. higher.

Provisions—The packers offered freely of products to-day, and thereby succeeded in holding values down. Despite a light run of hogs at the yards the same people managed to keep the price of the live animal from advancing. The strength of wheat extended force enough to sustain provision values at a slight decline from yesterday. May pork closed 2½@5c lower than yesterday, May lard and ribs each 2½c lower. Domestic markets were easy.

## DESPERATE FIGHT

Between Internal Revenue Officers and Illicit Distillers—One of the Officers Shot and Another Beaten Unmercifully.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WINSTON, N. C., January 30.—Particulars were received here to-night of sensational fight between revenue officers and moonshiners on Monday, in Carroll county, Va., near the North Carolina line. Deputy U. S. Marshal Worrell and Deputy Collector Wm. Thornton, were enticed by moonshiners to go near Fancy Gap, to cut up an illicit distillery. When the officers arrived within about one hundred yards of the still-house, they saw a number of men leaving there. The officers called upon the supposed blockaders to halt, whereupon the latter began firing on the officers, who returned the fire, and a fierce battle followed. Marshall Worrell was shot down. His deputy, Thornton, pleaded for some time with the moonshiners before they would allow him to care for Worrell. One of the blockaders later assisted Thornton in carrying Worrell to an old house. The deputy went after a physician for his friend, but on his return the moonshiners set upon him and beat him unmercifully, if not fatally. Great indignation exists over the action of the moonshiners, who are considered desperate characters.

## DRY GOODS MARKET

Tone Dull—Prices of Staple Cotton Irregular.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 30.—Conditions in the primary dry goods market have been without change to-day. Expectations of material improvement in demand in any department are seemingly, by common consent, taking the latter part of next week as their starting point under the belief that there will then be developed indications of easier financial conditions.

The tone is dull throughout the market. Prices of staple cottons continue irregular, and in regular cotton dress fabrics are not always steady, while purchases are easily made in the woolen and worsted good departments.

## JNO. L. SULLIVAN,

The Pugilist, in a Very Serious Condition After His Fall from a Railroad Train.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 30.—John L Sullivan who fell from a Rock Island and Peoria train going thirty miles an hour, yesterday played at the Opera House here last night and to-day is in a very serious condition. All within medical power is being done for him, but it is thought erysipelas will set in and if it does he cannot possibly recover. His head and face are badly cut and bruised from the fall. His wife and Mr. Harry Glukauff, treasurer of the company, are here with him. The remainder of the company left this morning for St. Louis.

## NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 30.—Spirits turentine dull and easy at 30¼@30¾c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 60@1 62½.

CHARLESTON, January 30.—Spirits turpentine steady; sales 50 casks at 26½c. Rosin—market firm; sales — barrels; B, C $1 00, D $1 15, E $1 20, F $1 30, G $1 35, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 70, M —; other grades, no demand; prices not quoted.

SAVANNAH, January 30.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c for regulars; sales 500 casks; receipts 29 casks. Rosin unchanged; sales of 500 barrels.

## SENATE AND HOUSE.

PROCEEDINGS DULL AND COMMONPLACE IN BOTH HOUSES

The House Bond Bill, With Free Coinage Substitute, Discussed — Urgency Deficiency Appropriation Bill Reported in the Senate—Reports From Elections Committee in the House—Call For Report of Board of Engineers on the Nicaragua Canal—A Number of Bills Passed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

### SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 30.—In contrast with the excitement which the speech of Mr. Tillman created in the Senate yesterday, the proceedings to-day were very dull and commonplace. Most of the morning hour was consumed in a discussion upon the joint resolution ordering the purchase and distribution of seeds by the Secretary of Agriculture (on which no action was taken), and during the remainder of the day, after two o'clock, speeches were made on the House Bond bill, with the Finance Committee's free coinage substitute. Senators Call and Mitchell argued in support of a substitute—Mr. Mitchell declaring himself "in favor of a vigorous, aggressive policy on independent bimetallism, coupled with a protective tariff."

Mr. Perkins took the floor to reply to newspaper criticism on himself and his colleague as misrepresenting their State on the silver question. He read the latest official action of the California Legislature in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver in disproof of the charge, and then he spoke at length on the general subject.

An attempt was made at the close of the day's session to have an agreement for a final vote on the Bond bill next Saturday. In a discussion on that point some amusing badinage took place between Senators Chandler and Stewart, in which the latter spoke of the dispute over the free coinage substitute as a mere "dress parade," and intimated that a similar amendment would be offered to the tariff bill. Notice was given by Mr. Morrill of his purpose to occupy from forty to sixty minutes in a speech on the bill next Saturday.

The Senate at 6 p. m. took a recess till noon to-morrow, the recess form being adopted so as to avoid the delay incident to prayer, the reading of the journal and the transaction of morning business.

The Urgency Deficiency Appropriation bill was reported back from the Committee on Appropriations, and notice was given by Mr. Hale of Maine, Republican, that he would probably ask the Senate to-morrow to consider.

Mr. Allen of Nebraska, Populist, introduced a bill to prohibit the purchase or use by the Government of any wares or manufactures made in any penitentiary, work house or other prison or by convict labor. Referred to the Committee on Education and Labor.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Strictly business seemed to be the motto of the House in its two hours' session to-day. Mr. Wadsworth, of New York, Republican, chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, reported the Agricultural Appropriation bill, and Mr. Grout of Vermont, Republican, the District of Columbia Appropriation bill, for the year ending June 30th, 1897.

Mr. McCall of Massachusetts, Republican, from the Elections Committee No. 3, reported its unanimous finding that David Culberson, Democrat, was entitled to his seat as a Representative in the Fifty-fourth Congress from the Fourth Texas district, J. H. Davis having abandoned the contest, of which he gave notice to the clerk; and a resolution to that effect was agreed to.

Mr. Jenkins of Wisconsin, Republican, reported from the same committee its unanimous report of the sitting member of the contest between Rosenthal and Crowley, from the Tenth Texas district, stating that he would call it up for consideration to-morrow. At that time Mr. Rosenthal will be granted the privilege of the floor for an hour to present his side of the case.

A resolution reported from the Committee on Inter-State and Foreign Commerce by Mr. Doolittle of Washington, Republican, was agreed to, asking the President to transmit to Congress the report of the Board of Engineers appointed by him to investigate the Nicaraguan Canal.

The Speaker announced this assignment of Mr. Wellington, of Maryland, to the Committee on Labor and of Mr. Belknap of Illinois, Republican, to the Committee on Railways and Canals.

The following bills were passed:

Directing the Pension Bureau in claims by widows for pensions, to accept as evidence of the soldiers' death proof of his unexplained absence for seven years; incorporating the Daughters of the Revolution in the District of Columbia; transferring to the State of Nebraska the military reservation of Fort Omaha for a school of instruction of the National Guard of that State; to reorganize the Customs collection district of Alaska; to open the forest reservations of Pike's Peak, Plum Creek and the South Platta, Colorado, in the Cripple Creek district to the location of mining claims; confirming certain cash entries of "offered" lands in the States of Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas.

The House at 2 p. m. adjourned until to-morrow.

## THE HAWKINS EXPEDITION

Under Investigation by U. S. Authorities—Cubans Frightened.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—In accordance with instructions from Washington, U. S. District Attorney McFarlane is engaged in investigating the ill-fated Hawkins expedition. The arrest of General Garcia and perhaps some of the other leaders of the Cuban patriots now in this city for violation of the neutrality laws, is the possible outcome of the investigation.

Cubans are badly frightened, and where yesterday there were dozens of swarthy patriots chattering Spanish and declaring that the cause of Cuba *libra* was bound to win despite all disasters, to day it is hard to find anyone who will admit knowing anything about the Hawkins or having had anything to do with her.

## A GREAT SURPRISE.

Verdict of Acquittal in the Trial at Kinston of Alleged Incendiaries.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 30.—The trials of three white men and one negro for incendiarism at Kinston have ended in acquittal of all of the defendants. The verdict is a great surprise. The trial occupied eight days. The defendants were charged with having caused many fires and great loss of property. The defendants hoped at best for a mistrial. When the verdict was announced the Judge said to the jury: "You have the consolation of knowing that you have turned loose four very guilty men."

State Senator James M. Mewborne, ex-president of the State Farmers' Alliance, was foreman of the jury.


When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.


## VESSELS LAUNCHED.

A U. S. GUNBOAT AND AN AUXILIARY CRUISER.

Both At Newport News, Virginia—Government Officials and Many Other Persons Present.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., January 30.—An immense freight and passenger steamship, that will be a credit to the American merchant marine, and another gunboat for Uncle Sam, were launched at the yard of the Newport News Ship-Building and Drydock Company this morning.

The first was the Plant steamship La Grande Dutchess, which glided gracefully down the ways into the James river at 9:58. Miss Nellie E. Eldridge, of Boston, was god-mother for this vessel. As the steamer moved towards the river she crashed a bottle of champaign against the bow, and exclaimed in a clear, musical voice: "I christen the La Grand Duchess." As the ship struck the water and rode the waves thousands of cheers rent the air, and every whistle in the harbor sounded a noisy salute.

The gunboat Helena was launched at 12.37. Miss Agnes Belle Steele, a daughter of Mayor Steele, of Helena, Montana, was the fair sponsor of the vessel. She announced and christened her city's namesake in the time-honored manner. The launching of both vessels was successful in every respect. Assistant Secretary of the Navy McAdoo and a large party of ladies and gentlemen from Washington were present, together with well known transportation men from all over the country.

The gunboat Helena added to the United States force afloat to-day in the presence of Admiral Bunce's mysterious squadron of evolution, is an exact duplicate of the Wilmington, launched with the cruiser Nashville, from the adjoining ways of the Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock Company, October 19th last, that occasion being made memorable by the presence of the Secretary of the Navy and a distinguished official party to witness the first tandem launch in naval records. She is a thirteen-knot vessel of about 1,400 tons displacement, 250 feet long, with the slight draft of nine feet, adapting her for service in shallow rivers, and when in commission will carry a complement of 170 officers and men. The main battery of eight four-inch quick firing rifles, eight small rapid fire rifles and two gatlings, is designed more for attacks against unfortified positions than for combat against other naval vessels, for it is intended that vessels of this class shall be kept in Chinese waters and the harbors of countries near the tropics, for which purpose she has been equipped with refrigerating apparatus and other appliances for the health and comfort of the crew. This vessel, likely her sister ship, is electrically lighted throughout.

The big coastwise passenger vessel of the Plant line, which preceded the Helena into the water to day, in some respects is also a valuable addition to the American navy, as she is constructed in compliance with the Government requirements for auxiliary cruisers, and is adapted for arming and commissioning whenever occasion arises. She is a steel vessel, 404 feet long, with 47 feet beam, and besides a large freight carrying capacity has accommodations for 300 first-class and 400 second-class passengers. One of her novelties is the installation of water tube boilers supplying steam to seven thousand horse-power engines, which should drive her at the rate of twenty knots.

The Newport News dock yard, although one of the youngest concerns in the country, has the most modern plant in this country and has been recently successful in securing contracts for the two battleships Kearsarge and Kentucky, in competition with older American ship builders. The sub marine torpedo boat for the navy is also being constructed here and keels will shortly be laid for two more light draft gun boats. Following the double launching to-day a dinner was served at which Assistant Secretary McAdoo and other officials spoke.

## BUSINESS FAILURES.

Three Assignments Yesterday in Richmond, Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., January 30.—Mr Richard L. Brown, who up to yesterday was a member of the wholesale grocery firm of Brown, Davis & Atkins, made an assignment this morning, constituting Hugh McCurdy trustee. Besides Richmond real estate, there are included in the assignment lots and parcels of land, assets, etc., in Duluth, Minnesota, the District of Columbia Tennessee and other places. His liabilities are estimated at $100,000.

Messrs. Gates & Brown, wholesale grocers, also made an assignment this afternoon to H. C. Boudar, trustee. Their liabilities are placed at $60,000 and the assets, it is thought, will pay 50 cents on the dollar.

W. W. Gates and wife also assigned to H. C. Boudar for $18,003.

Chas. L. Brown and wife also assigned to H. A. McCurdy for $9 000.

The cause of the failure was the assignment of Mr. R. L. Brown. The latter, it is thought, will pay out. His assignment does not affect the firm of Brown, Davis & Atkins, which continues as Davis & Atkins.

## WASHINGTON NEWS.

Favorable Report on the Bill Extending Privileges to Distillers of Fruit Brandies—Minister Ransom's Arrears of Salary to be Paid.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 30.—The Ways and Means Committee of the House to-day ordered a favorable report on a bill extending the privileges of the law relating to certain kinds of fruit brandy—to brandy distilled from apples, peaches, grapes, prunes, oranges, apricots and berries.

The Urgent Deficiency bill reported to the Senate this morning carries an increase over the House bill aggregating $1,509,664. The only item of reduction is the decrease of $400 in additional compensation to clerks in the Department of Justice. Among the Senate amendments is one to pay M. W. Ransom, Minister to Mexico, the sum of $2,806.48, that being the salary due from July 1st to August 28th, which was withheld owing to the irregularity of his appointment. The Senate also gives the Secretary of the Treasury the twenty-five temporary expert money counters for which he asked to enable him to catch up with the current business.

The Republican Senate caucus owing to the illness of Senator Sherman, its chairman, and the absence of several Senators, has been postponed until to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Thomas Dwyer, a millionaire 76 years old, was murdered Wednesday night by unknown persons in his office at Brenham, Texas, robbery being the purpose. His body was thrown into a cistern, where it was found.


In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time but finally injure the system.


## SPAIN AND CUBA.

Difficulties That May Arise If the Belligerency of the Insurgents is Recognized by the United States Government.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 30.—State Department officials do not doubt that the President will have no hesitation in transmitting to the Spanish Government the Cuban resolution without other comment than that he is requested to do so by action of Congress. It is believed he will not take upon himself any responsibility in the matter, but will let the responsibility for the reply which Spain can be relied upon to make, rest wholly with Congress, the idea being that in passing what is nothing more than a resolution of sympathy, the Senate in particular is not thoroughly advised of the State of affairs in Cuba, and the manner in which the war is being conducted. Secretary Olney and the President are thought to have fully informed themselves of the difficulties which would arise if belligerency were recognized by either the United States or Spain, or by both. With such recognition Spain would at once be absolved from all responsibility on account of losses by foreigners in the island, either from destruction of property or loss of trade, while it was not seen that the insurgents could gain anything by it. They also keenly appreciated that, while it might be possible to compel the Spaniards to conduct their warfare in accordance with such humane attitude towards captives as is universally recognized by civilized nations, it would be impossible to undertake the responsibility of guaranteeing the same line of action by the insurgents. This difficulty is heightened by the fact that the Cubans have no uniforms to distinguish them from lawless bands which are profiting by the general demoralization of the island to pillage and plunder broadcast. In the Franco-German war the Germans shot all the Francstireurs they could catch without trial or investigation, and among the so-called belligerent rights in the compact of those two highly civilized nations, either had the right and exercised it, to kill all spies, dynamiters and others without uniforms on sight. Unless the United States can prevent the Cubans themselves from carrying on barbarous warfare, State Department officials declare that an attempt to compel Spain to act humanely will constitute a direct interference with Spanish sovereignty, which is certainly not contemplated.

## AN IMPORTANT SUIT

Involving the Forfeit of Lands to the State of West Virginia For Non-Payment of Taxes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., January 30.—A very important land suit, which has been argued in the United States Circuit Court here before Judge Nathan Goff for the past three weeks, came to an end this evening. One million and a half acres of land in the southern part of this State is embraced in the suit. King and Mullen, attorneys for the defence, asked the court for a verdict, claiming that the land in question had been forfeited to this State by not being entered upon the tax books, a State provision being that land not entered for taxes for five successive years shall be forfeited to the State. The plaintiff's counsel argued that the statute is contrary to the Fourteenth amendment to the U. S. Constitution which says that no man shall be deprived of his life, liberty and property without due process of law. The State law says that land that is not entered for taxation for five successive years, should go by default without due process of law. Judge Goff upon request for a binding instruction, instructed the jury to find a verdict for the defendants. The case has been in litigation for years and its costs are thousands of dollars. The suit will be appealed.

## A BRUTAL MURDER

In the Little Town of Morgan, Calhoun County, Georgia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., January 30.—A special to the *Morning News* from Albany, Ga., says: The little town of Morgan, Calhoun county, was the scene of a sensational killing last night. A man by the name of Tom Keaton, from Dothan, Ala., shot Bill Lingo five times at close range, killing him instantly. Keaton made a break to escape, but as he turned a corner he ran into the arms of Paul Dozier, the town marshal, in whose face he snapped his empty pistol. Dozier drew his pistol and forced Keaton to surrender and placed him in jail.

Keaton and Lingo had been drinking together, which resulted in an altercation and fisticuff. They were separated, but Keaton got away from the man who had hold of him, and walking over to Lingo in a manner indicating a desire to make friends, he drew his pistol and emptied it, every shot taking effect. Lingo was shot in both breasts, in the neck, groin and thigh, and fell dead at the feet of his slayer. Lingo's father was killed near the same spot many years ago. Keaton was the son of J. T. Keaton, a well known citizen of Calhoun county.

## AN OHIO MAN

In Command of Insurgent Forces in Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUBUS, OHIO, Jan. 30.—The real name of the Ohio man, whose troops are said to have won several important battles lately for the insurgents in Cuba, is Ralph Wishon. He has been a criminal all his life and is now about thirty years old. He was formerly a member of a band of counterfeiters in Cincinnati, and four years ago was sent to the State prison here. His term expired about four months ago and he turned up near his home as an accomplice in the robbery of the Dry Run postoffice, in Scioti county. The United States authorities traced him to this city about seven weeks ago, where they found that he had organized a small band to engage in the Cuban rebellion and left with them.

## ON A FOOL'S ERRAND.

U. S. Cruisers Raleigh and Montgomery Combing the Seas for Filibusters.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA., January 30.—The U. S. cruisers Raleigh and Montgomery have been coming the coast this afternoon, presumably in search of Cuban filibusters. Just before nightfall they steamed away to the south. It is supposed they are bound to Palm Beach, to see that the filibusters, alleged by the Spanish Minister De Lome to be encamped at that place, do not get away to Cuba. No one save De Lome has heard of these filibusters and it is thought here that the cruisers are on a fool's errand.

## BLOOD AND FIRE.

A Remorseless Campaign to be Waged by the New Captain General of Cuba.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, January 30.—A dispatch from Madrid to the *Central News* says that as soon as Gen. Weyler, the new Captain General of Cuba, arrives at Havana, he will issue a proclamation, giving the rebels eight days to lay down their arms and surrender. If they do not do this he will then inaugurate a campaign of blood and fire against the rebels and their abettors.

## AFFAIRS IN THE EAST

Great Slaughter in the Recent Battle Between Turks and Armenians—Horrible Brutalities—Armenians Ready to Embrace Islamism.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 30.—Letters have been received from Marash confirming the stories that great slaughter occurred in the recent battle between the Turkish troops and the Armenians who had captured and held the town of Zeitoun. The exact number of the dead is not known, but it can be stated with certainty that it was very large. Twelve hundred wounded men have already reached Marash and many more are following them to that place. Many of the wounded have died either in Marash or along the road from Zeitoun.

A number of prisoners have been taken to Marash. Their treatment was something awful. All sorts of indignities were heaped upon them and in a large number of cases they were so shockingly maltreated that it is impossible to publish the details.

The Governor of Marash has again tried to bring about a reconciliation between the Turks and the Armenians in Zeitoun, but his efforts have been in vain. Most of the prominent Armenians in the villeyet have been arrested.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 30.—A telegram addressed to the Palace, purporting to come from the chiefs of the Armenians, Gregorians, Protestants and Catholics of Biridjik, has been received here. The message delares that all the Armenians there desire to embrace Islamism.

## THE PRIZE FIGHTERS.

Dan Stewart Gives It Out That All the Combats Will Take Place Near El Paso.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

EL PASO, TEXAS, January 30.—Dan Stuart to-night gave the following to the press: "I am in receipt of a telegram from the City of Mexico denying the report sent out from that point by the Associated Press that the Rurales had been ordered out. Were it true, it would not discomfit me. His excellency, President Diaz is made to appear unduly exercised. He will have no occasion to worry any, over the matter. I am $35 000 out of pocket, by action of the Hot Springs officers, and pride myself on the possession of a sufficient amount of ordinary intelligence to have profited by that experience. Were I to divulge the place of meeting, I, of course, could easily assuage the fears of President Diaz and the other dignitaries who fear the invasion of carnival visitors. I do not care to be serving notices on the public every few minutes, and now give it out as an absolute certainty that all of the fights will take place. This is final and I am irrevocable."

## SENSATIONAL TRIAL.

Mrs. Joanna Montgomery Arraigned in Court at Rome, Georgia, For the Murder of Her Husband.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, Jan. 30.—A telegram from Rome, Ga., says that Mrs. Joanna Montgomery's trial for the murder of her husband began this morning. Mrs. Montgomery appeared in court this morning with a six weeks' old infant in her arms and appeared to accept the situation quite complacently. She expresses herself as being sure of an acquittal, and protests most vehemently against the charge of helping to murder her husband. It has been just five months since her husband was struck down by an assassin's knife, while he lay in bed at his home in Vann Valley. The murder was committed by the prisoner's son by a former husband. This son has escaped. The case will occupy several days, as there is a large number of witnesses to examine. There was no trouble in securing a jury this morning.

## A QUESTION OF COLOR.

Bishop Arnett, of the A. M. E. Church, Refused Admission to Hotels in Boston.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, January 30.—Wm. T. Ellis, a prominent member of the Boston Christian Endeavor Union, states that Bishop Bejamin W. Arnett, senior Bishop of the African M. E. Church, was refused as a guest at the Adams House, at the Parker House and at Young's Hotel, in this city, yesterday afternoon. The clerks of the Adams House and of the Parker House deny that anybody is refused as a guest at their respective hotels because of his color. The clerk at Young's Hotel admits the refusal, but asserts that the House was full at the time. The Bishop was finally admitted at the Revere House, but there he was ignored to take his meals in his room.

## LIBERTY BELL.

Enthusiastic Reception of the Revolutionary Relic at Charlotte.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., January 30.—The Liberty Bell rolled into the yards of the Southern Railway at 7.45 o'clock to-night amid a shower of rockets and a salute from the howitzer of the Queen City Guards of thirteen guns, representing the thirteen original States. Five thousand people greeted the bell, and were addressed by ex-Mayors Brevard and McDowell, the latter a descendant of the author of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence, who welcomed the bell and its escort. Responses were made by Mayor Porter King, of Atlanta, and Messrs. A. M. Beitler and Henry Clay, of Philadelphia. The speeches glowed with patriotism and were repeatedly cheered. The immense throng then passed across the bell car and viewed the historic relic.

## AWFUL CATASTROPHE.

A Family of Four Persons Burned to Death.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MASHALL, MICH., January 30.—A log house in Marengo township occupied by two families named Page, was destroyed by fire at 3 o'clock this morning, and Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Page and their two sons, one three years old and the other seven years, were cremated. Harvey Page was awakened by the flames and aroused his brother Wilbur and the latter's wife, who slept in another part of the house. Wilbur and his wife escaped. Harvey tried to save his wife and children and perished with them.

## GOLD IMPORTS.

Over a Million Dollars Brought By the Steamer St. Paul.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 30.—W. H. Crossman & Bro. have deposited $1,000,000 gold bars in the assay office and $100,000 gold coin in the sub-treasury, all taken from the steamer St. Paul. The kegs holding the gold bars were marked L. Von Hoffman & Co. and Heidelbacke, Rickelheimer & Co., showing that they had not been opened on the other side after being shipped from here.

A Berlin telegram says that a memorial funeral service was held in St. Georges Episcopal Church in Berlin yesterday in honor of the late Theodore Ranson, United States Ambassador to Germany.

## THE WAR IN CUBA.

Movement of the Hostile Forces—The Insurgent General Gomez Endeavoring to Effect a Junction With Maceo's Forces.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, January 30.—Gen. Sabas Martin, acting Captain General, left this city this morning on a special train. It was stated that he had gone on a trip of inspection along the line of railway between Havana and Batabano, thirty-five miles southwest of the capital, but it later became known that he had gone to the field presumably to attempt to prevent Gomez from affecting a junction with Maceo in the province of Pinar Del Rio.

From information received here, it is known that Gomez is moving west near the northern coast of the province of Pinar Del Rio. The latest trustworthy information placed Maceo in the western part of the province, but it may be that he has since marched eastward with the intention of meeting Gomez. The military authorities are confident that the troops will be able to pen both rebel leaders in Pinar Del Rio and force them to a pitched battle. They hope that once they are able to compel the rebels to stand they will crush them.

Cuban sympathizers here point to both Gomez's and Maceo's success heretofore in avoiding the Spanish troops when it suited them to do so, and contend that their generalship is of such a high order that they will delude the Spanish commanders as to their whereabouts and will leave the province when they want to.

The scarcity of ammunition among the rebels will prevent them from attempting a decisive engagement with the Spanish troops.

Five hundred volunteers, recruited in Havana, have been sent south to strengthen the trocha, or military line between Havana and Batano. The train on which Gen. Marin and his force travelled left Rincon and proceeded for Guanajay, the terminus of the railway. The cavalry force was augmented by 1,100 men, who with their horses were taken from Rincon, thus making the column strong in this branch of arms and placing it on more equal terms with the insurgents.

## WARM WIRELETS.

The U. S. Treasury gold reserve at the close of business yesterday stood at $49 936,003. The withdrawals for the day amounted to $317,500.

The Kentucky Senatorial deadlock remains unbroken. The only change in the vote yesterday was the desertion of one member of the Hunter contingent.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.


## BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

**Wanted**—Partner with $300 to take charge of business in North Carolina. Best paying business on earth. Write J. B. Tart, Fair Bluff, N. C. jan 29 4.*

The latest and best cold weather drink a specialty. We serve the best hot Tom and Jerry and hot Scotch in the city. Call and see me to-day. A. P. Levy, French Cafe, Princess street. jan 31 tf

A fresh supply daily of Country Sausage and Liver Pudding. Pig Feet 5 cents a pound. A full line of Choice Groceries cheap. Call and see me. Chas. D. Jacobs, ag't, 217½ North Front street. jan 19 tf

When you want a nice bunch of Bananas, a barrel of Baldwin's, a case or crate of fine Western Apples, a bag of Irish or Sweet Potatoes, Turnips, Onions, Beans, or Mountain Butter from ten to forty pound lots, call or send your orders to A. S. Winstead & Co., Commission Merchants and Wholesale Fruit and Produce Dealers. jan 1 D&W tf

**Photographs**—If your Photo U. would C. Come along and sit with me; Prices right, Photos bright, Don't delay, But come right away. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. dec 29 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

**Baskets**, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c31

**Hayden, P. H.**, has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c31

SAFES!

All Sizes and Make.

WRITE OR CALL ON

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.

12 Market Street,

jan 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

## BOILER EXPLOSION.

Five Men Killed and Twenty-three Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA., Jan. 30.—At 7 o'clock this morning the large boiler in the works of the Hollidaysburg Iron and Nail Company exploded, killing five men and injuring twenty-three, three of which will die. The boiler was blown through the roof three hundred feet into midair and came crashing down through the roof in another portion of the works.


S. H. Fishblate's

MATCHLESS

REDUCTIONS

—ON—

SUITS

—AND—

OVERCOATS.

The blame is on the weather.

We acknowledge the corn. We are overstocked. Nothing left to do but to slash into the prices and compel you men to buy! We are going to do it—at once—now. The center of Clothing selling will be here in this Store for the next two weeks—if the lowest prices ever heard of for FINE CLOTHING count for anything—and they will.

Opportunities

Don't last forever, they come and go. A Bargain is an opportunity. You must take it quickly or miss it forever. Don't blame us if you come too late.

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

jan 1 tf

The Life of The Times

Depends on the push and energy of the people. And we are to-day, as usual, striving to lead the front rank of the merchants of the Old North State. And what makes the business is prices, fair treatment and variety of goods. Our large store covers 15 000 square feet of floor room, completely filled with new and desirable goods. Our large stock consists of varied lines. We handle in large quantities Dress Goods of every style and all prices. Double fold Cotton Serge, 36 inches wide, at 5 cents a yard.

Underware and Hosery.

Our line of fast black Fine Seamless Children's Hose, at 12½ cents a pair, an extra value Men's Fine Balbrigan Half-Hose, at 10 cts. Bed Ticking, the Heavy Feather proof Bed Ticking at 12½c, worth 18c. Mattress Ticking from 6 to 10c a yard. A fine line of Union Quilts from 50c to $3.00 each. Our $1.00 Quilt is a thing of beauty and comfort. Clothing—Ladies' Wraps, Cloaks and Capes, Shoes, Millinery, Trunks, Carpets and Matting. Good Matting at 10c a yard; Good Carpet from 12½c to $1.25 a yard—all styles and prices. The finest line of Ladies' Shoes at $1 69 a pair, worth $3.00. All widths, A, B, C, D, E; size 2½ to 7; all style toes, and made of fine French Kid. We have Shoes of all styles. Men's and Ladies' Hats and Caps from 10c up. A big job in Overcoats to close at $4.00, 5 00 and 6.00—worth from $5.00 to 10.00 each. Come to Wilmington's Big Racket Store at 113 North Front street, opposite the Orton House, where you can find everything you may need at a bargain.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

jan 26 tf

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.

Assortment and Quality Unsurpassed.

Prices Based on Small Profits.

PROMPT DELIVERY OF GOODS.

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,

15 and 17 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C.

Telephone 14. oct 6 tf

Above Comparison.

Our new line of Gentlemen's $3.00 Shoes. Our $4.00 Boots that we are selling at $3.00. Ladies' $3.50 Cork Sole Shoes for $2.00. Gentlemen's $3.00 Lace Shoes for $2 10. Ladies' $2 50 for Pat. Leather Button Shoes. We ask you to call and compare them C itically with any Shoe you ever bought before for the money.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

jan 19 tf

WE WILL DISPOSE

of the balance of our

TOYS

—AND—

HOLIDAY NOVELTIES

—AT—

Less Than Cost,

IN PREFERENCE TO PACKING

THEM AWAY.

Our Loss is Your Gain!

Churches

going to have

Christmas Trees

will do well to give us a call.

ALSO OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

Millinery

Fancy Goods,

DryGoods

Notions.

CLOAKS,

—AND—

Capes, Underwear and Corsets

must be sold at Cost before stock taking.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market St.,

dec 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

HARDWARE, TINWARE.

Agricultural Implements

Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps, Loaded and Unloaded Shells &c.

BEST GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES. Call and examine our immense stock.

J. W. MURCHISON.

Old stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

dec 30 tf

—63 1-2 Steps—

From the corner of Front and Princess streets will bring you to

Mercer & Evans'

Shoe Store,

where you can buy Shoes as cheap as the cheapest, and as good as the best.

Call there, buy a pair and get a copy of the Day, and see how the "Gold Bugs" and the "Silver Bugs" will get across "Greenback River" together.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,

H. C. Evans' Old Stand.

dec 21 tf

Prescription Specialist.

Foreign and Domestic

PRESC